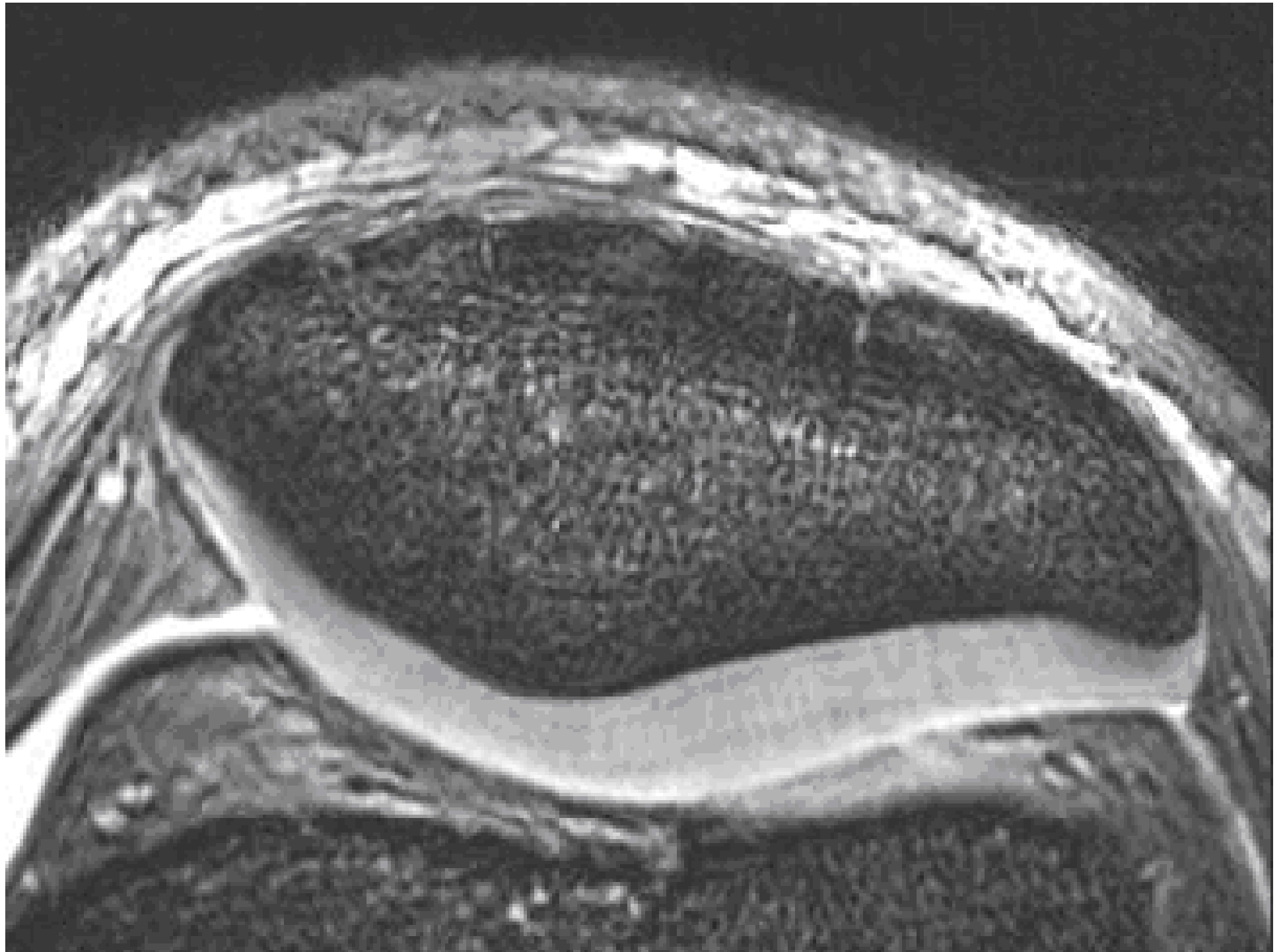


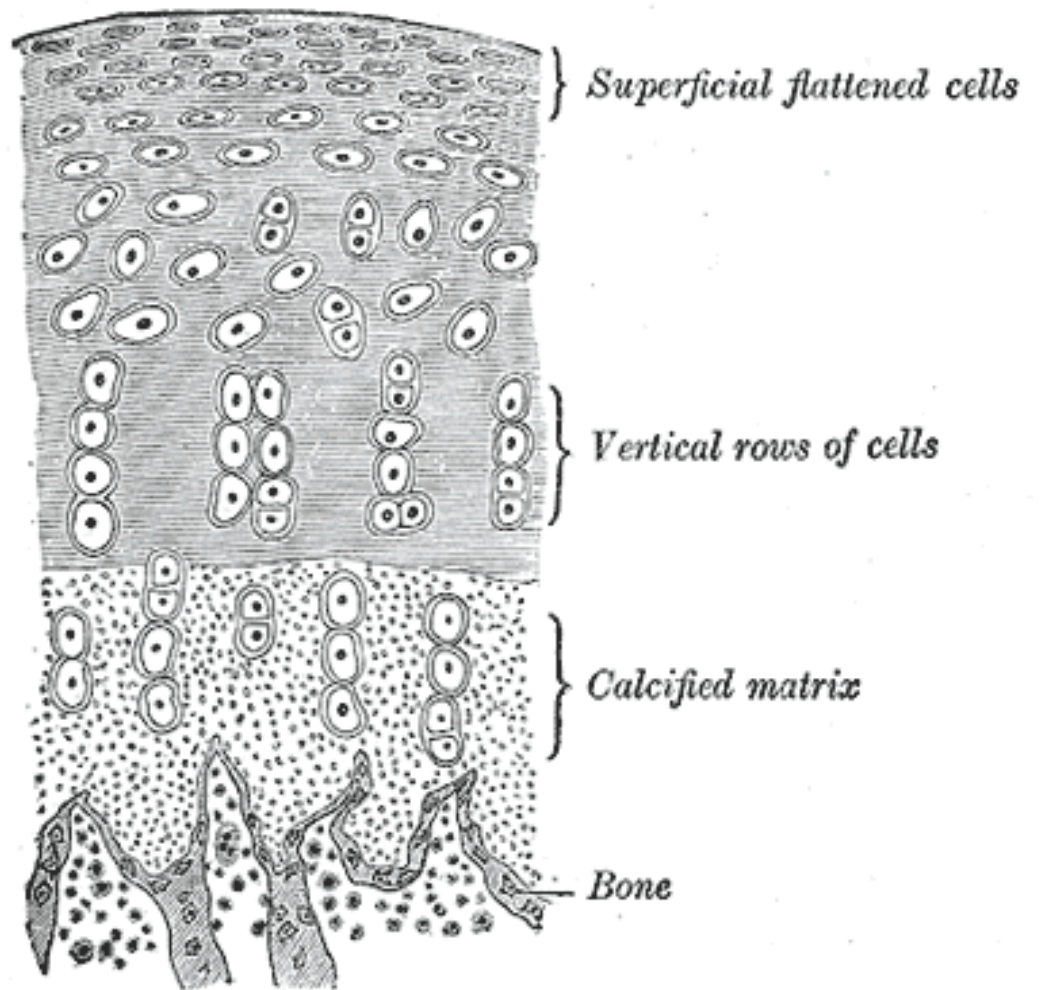
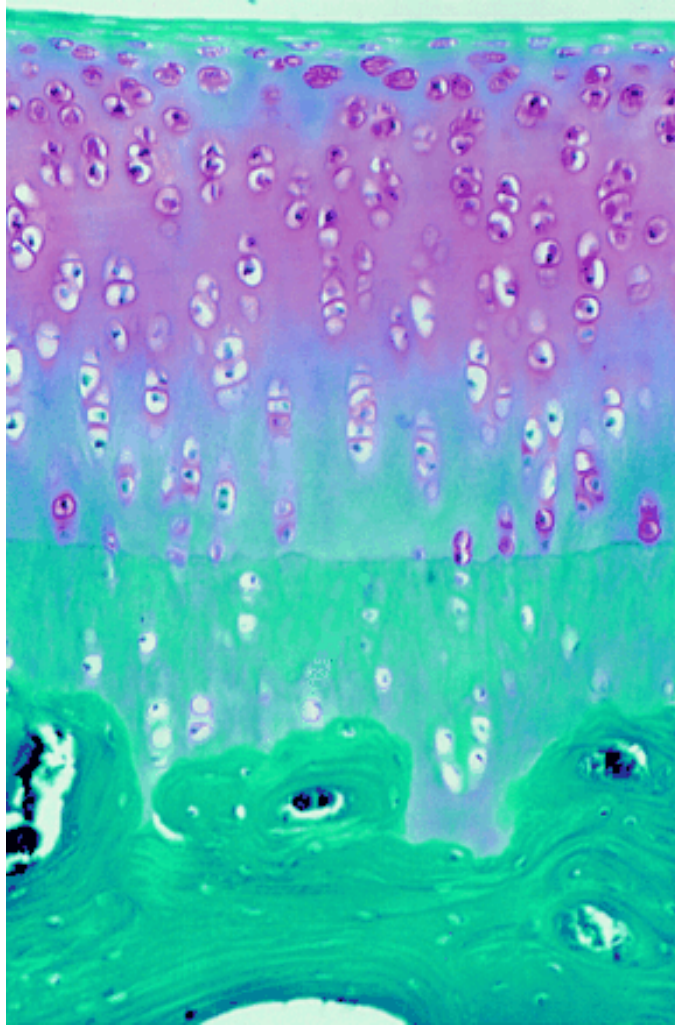


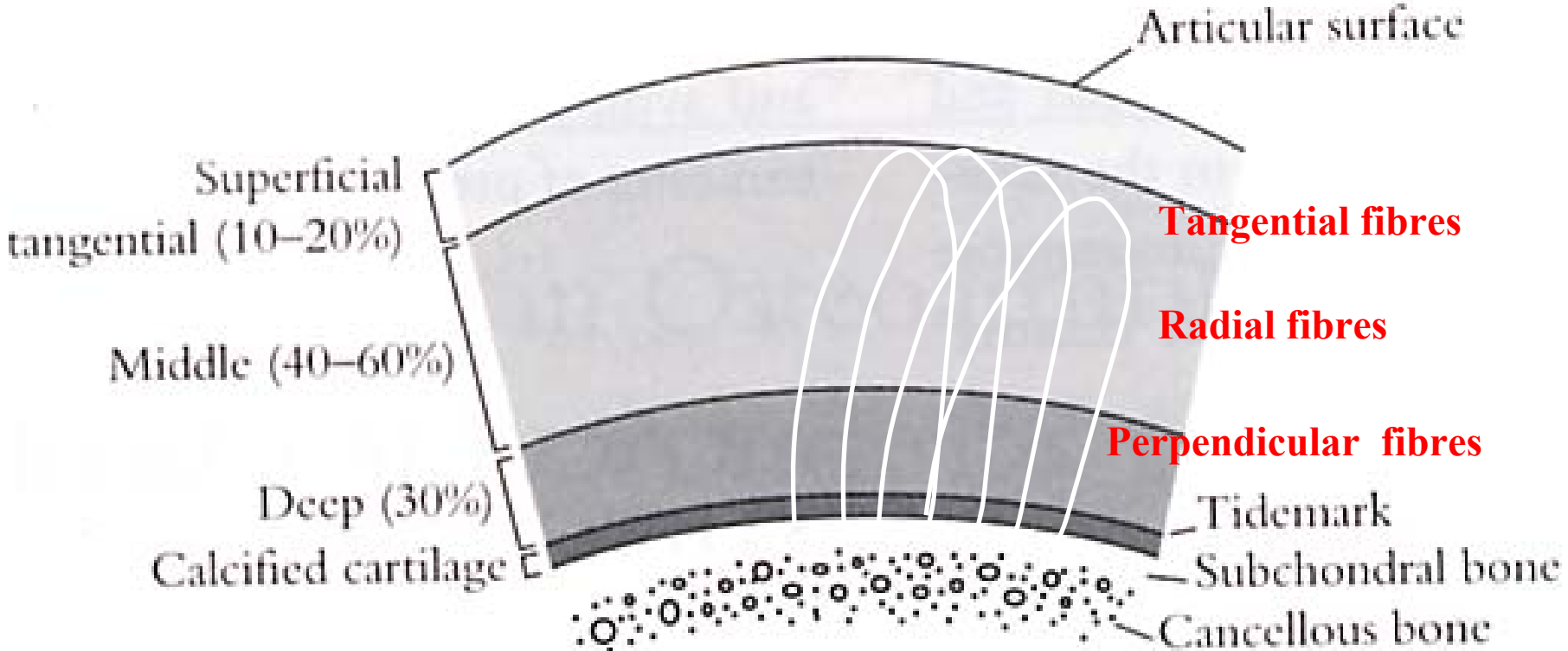
Autologous Chondrocyte Implantation

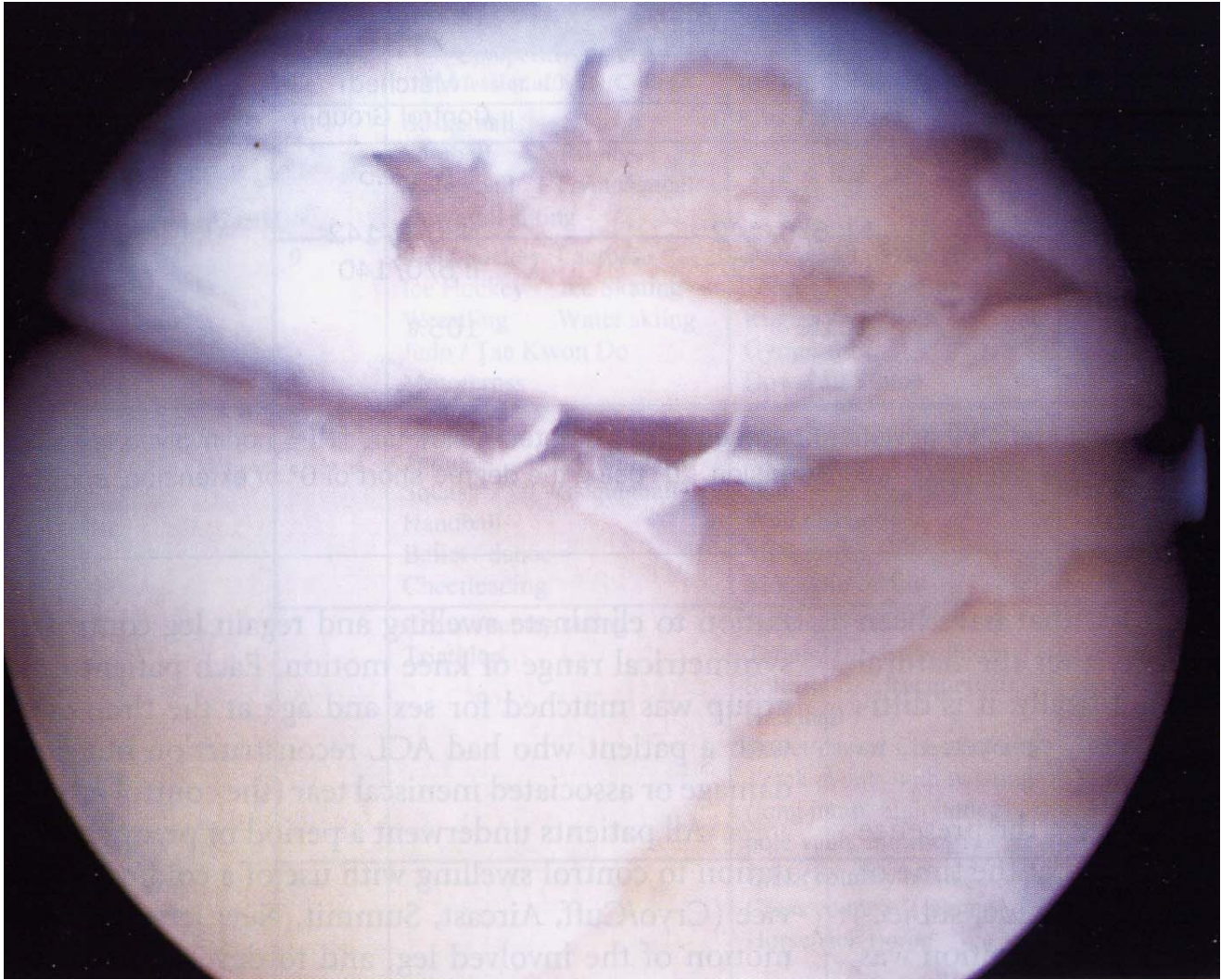
William Jackson

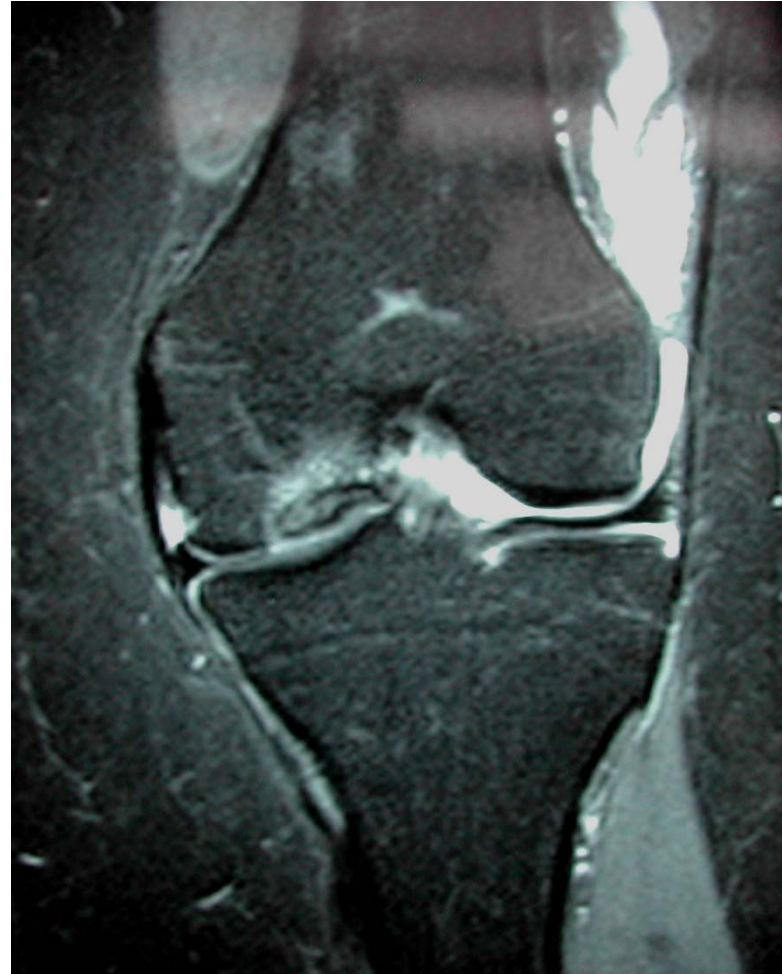
Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon
Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre











Repair / Regeneration

- Repair
 - New tissue but does not duplicate original tissue
- Regeneration
 - New tissue which duplicates normal cartilage

Repair / Regeneration

- Repair
 - New tissue but does not duplicate original tissue
- Regeneration
 - New tissue which duplicates normal cartilage

Repair / Regeneration

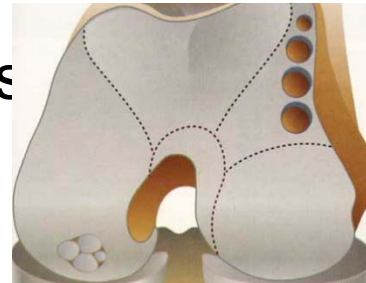
- Repair **Fibrocartilage**
 - Occurs when the subchondral bone plate is breached
- Regeneration **Does not occur**

Cartilage Repair

Marrow stimulation
techniques
(Microfracture)



Osteochondral grafts
(OATS)



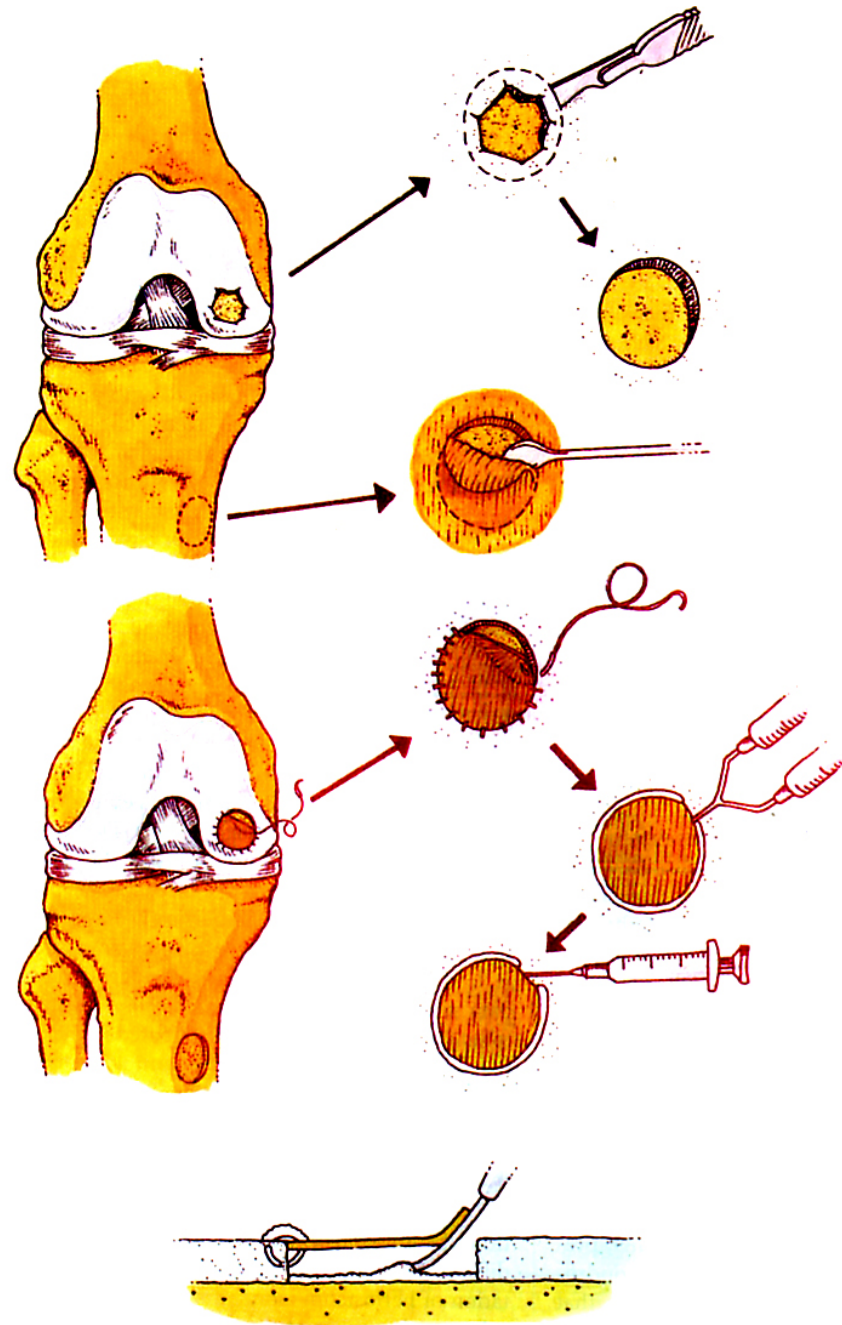
Autologous Chondrocyte
Implantation

Autologous Chondrocyte Implantation

- Lars Peterson technique - 1987
- Brittberg et al. 1994
 - ‘Treatment of deep cartilage defects of the knee with autologous chondrocyte transplantation.’
 - New England Journal of Medicine

ACI-P

Autologous
Chondrocyte
Implantation
Periosteum



ACI-C

Autologous

Chondrocyte

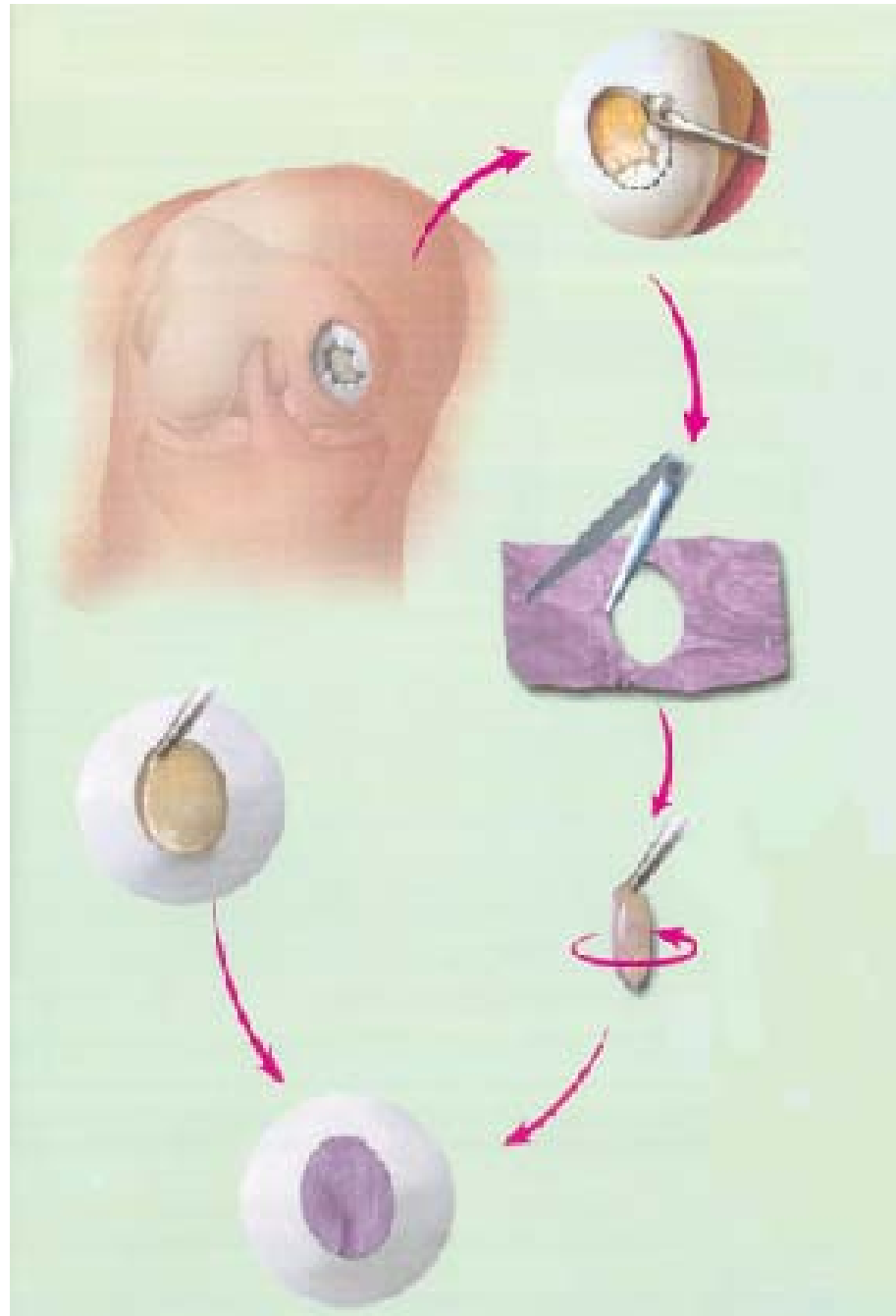
Implantation

Collagen matrix



MACI

Matrix induced
Autologous
Chondrocyte
Implantation



ACI Results

- Peterson et al. 2002
 - Up to 11 years post operation
 - 80% of patients maintained improvement
- Other series with shorter follow-up
 - Micheli et al. 2001
 - Gillogly et al. 1998
 - Minas 2001

RCTs

- Horas et al. 2003
 - Mosaicplasty > ACI
- Bentley et al. 2003
 - ACI > Mosaicplasty
- Knutsen et al. 2004 & 2007
 - Microfracture = ACI

NICE

ACI review: Further research
required

Second line treatment

Cases should be entered into trials

Autologous Chondrocyte Implantation

- Numerous cohort studies with good clinical results
- 10 year studies suggest benefits are lasting
- Prevents/slows early arthroplasty
- In comparison to other cartilage repair methods it does at least as well.
- Better at treating larger defects than alternatives

Introducing ACI to the NOC

Developing a cartilage repair service

- Part of the range of procedures required
- Salvage cases
- Surgeon trained in the field

NICE Technology Appraisal 16

‘The use of ACI for the treatment of cartilage defects in knee joints’

- Not recommended for the treatment of cartilage lesions
- If used patients must be entered into clinical trials
- Patients must be made aware of the uncertainties around the long-term outcome of the method

Introducing ACI to the NOC

Meeting NICE guidelines

- Stanmore Multicentre RCT
- ACI versus MACI



ACI-C

Autologous

Chondrocyte

Implantation

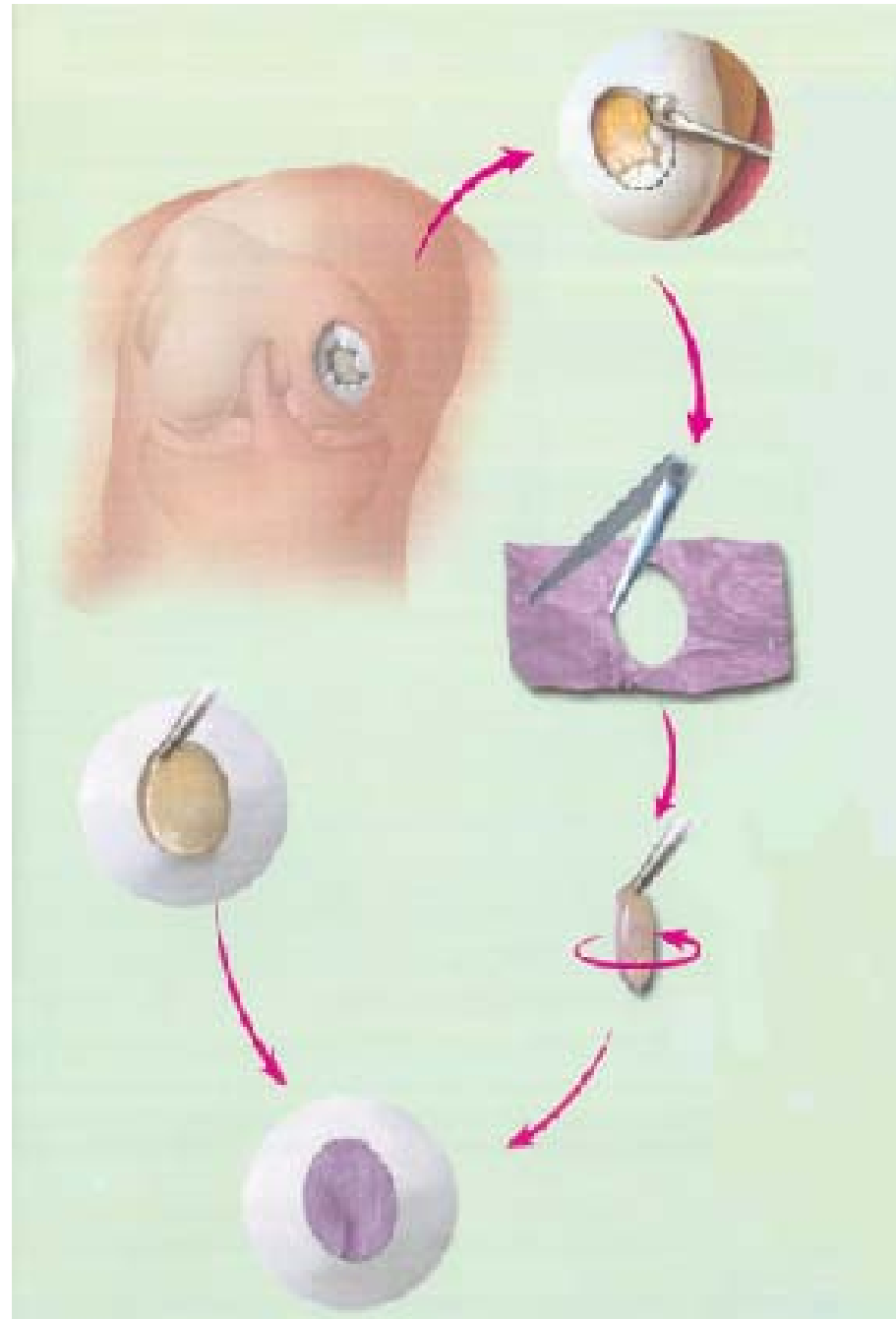
Collagen matrix





MACI

Matrix induced
Autologous
Chondrocyte
Implantation



ACI at the NOC

20 patients treated

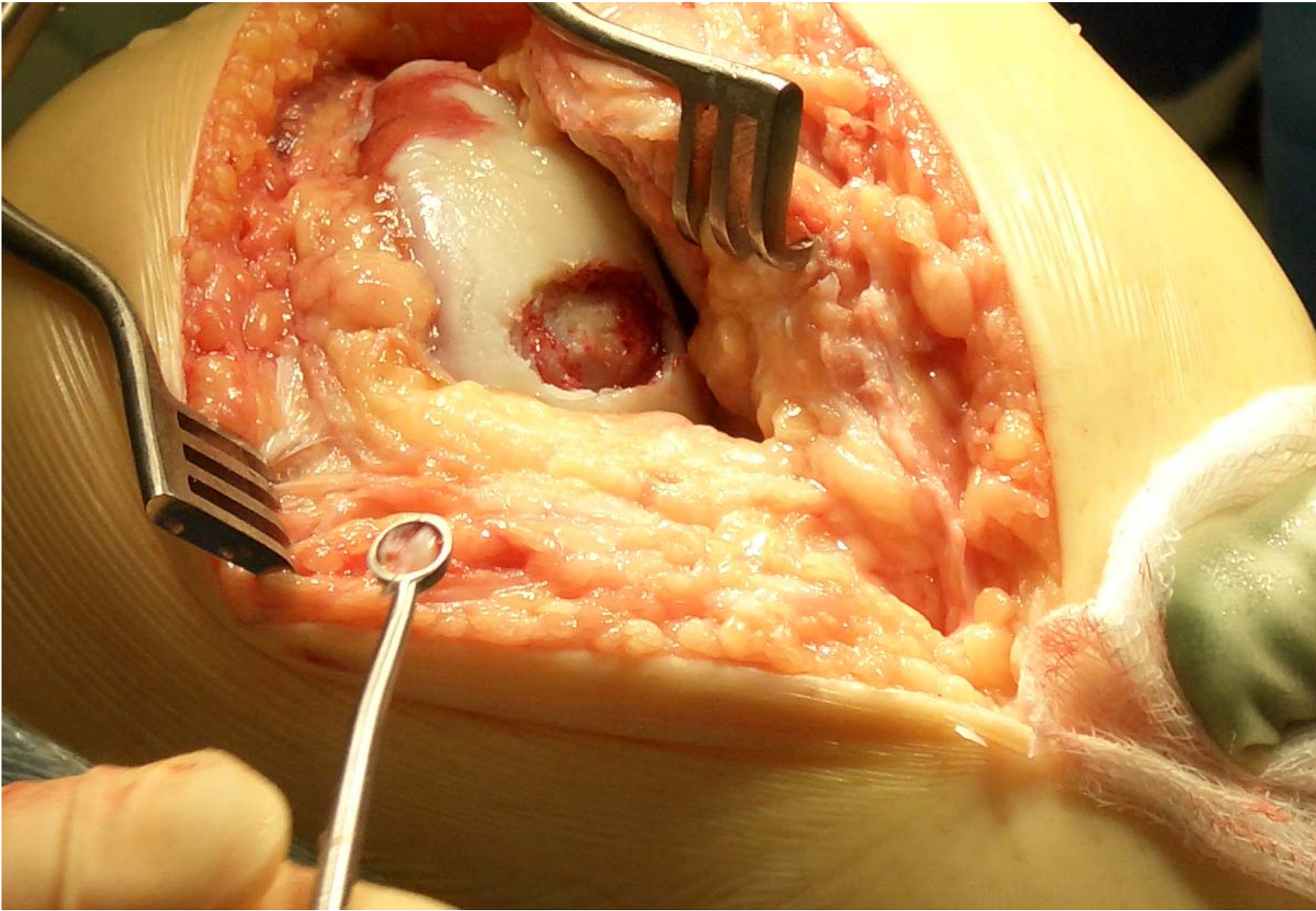
Patients entered into Stanmore Trial

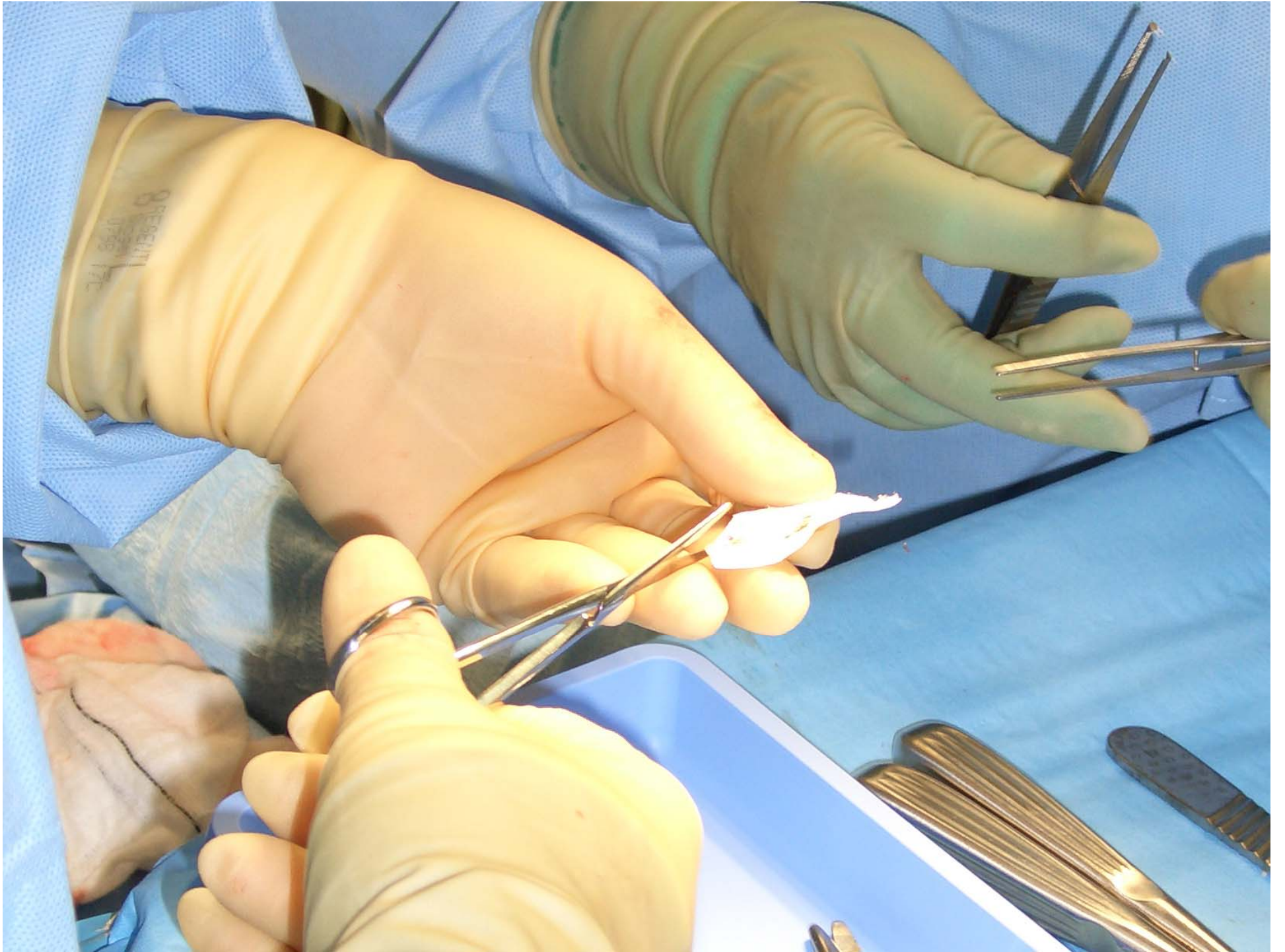
Internal audit of results

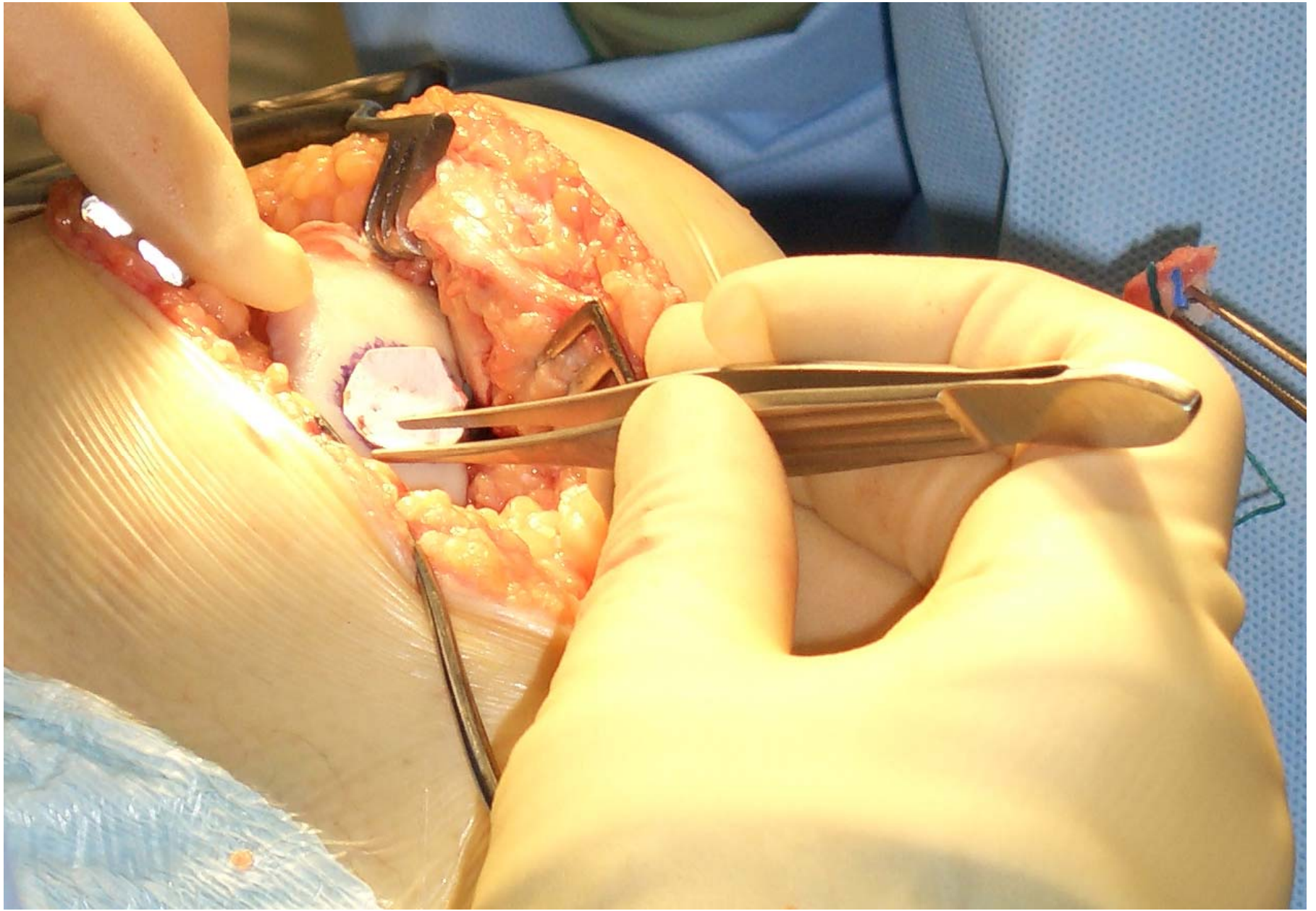
Introducing ACI to the NOC

First case: 20th May 2005

Andrew Price









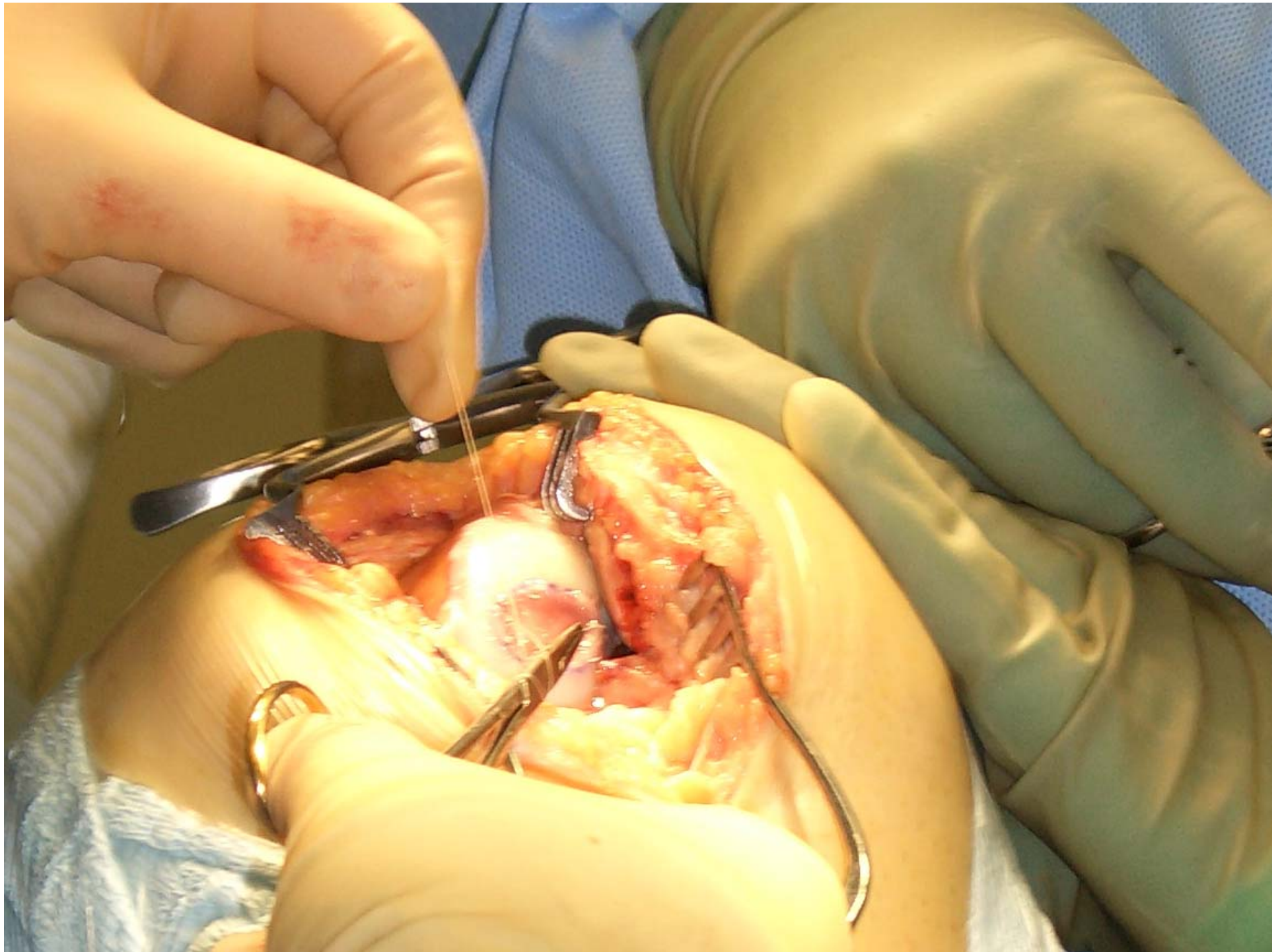
DO NOT FREEZE
STORE AT ROOM TEMPERATURE
+10°C TO +25°C

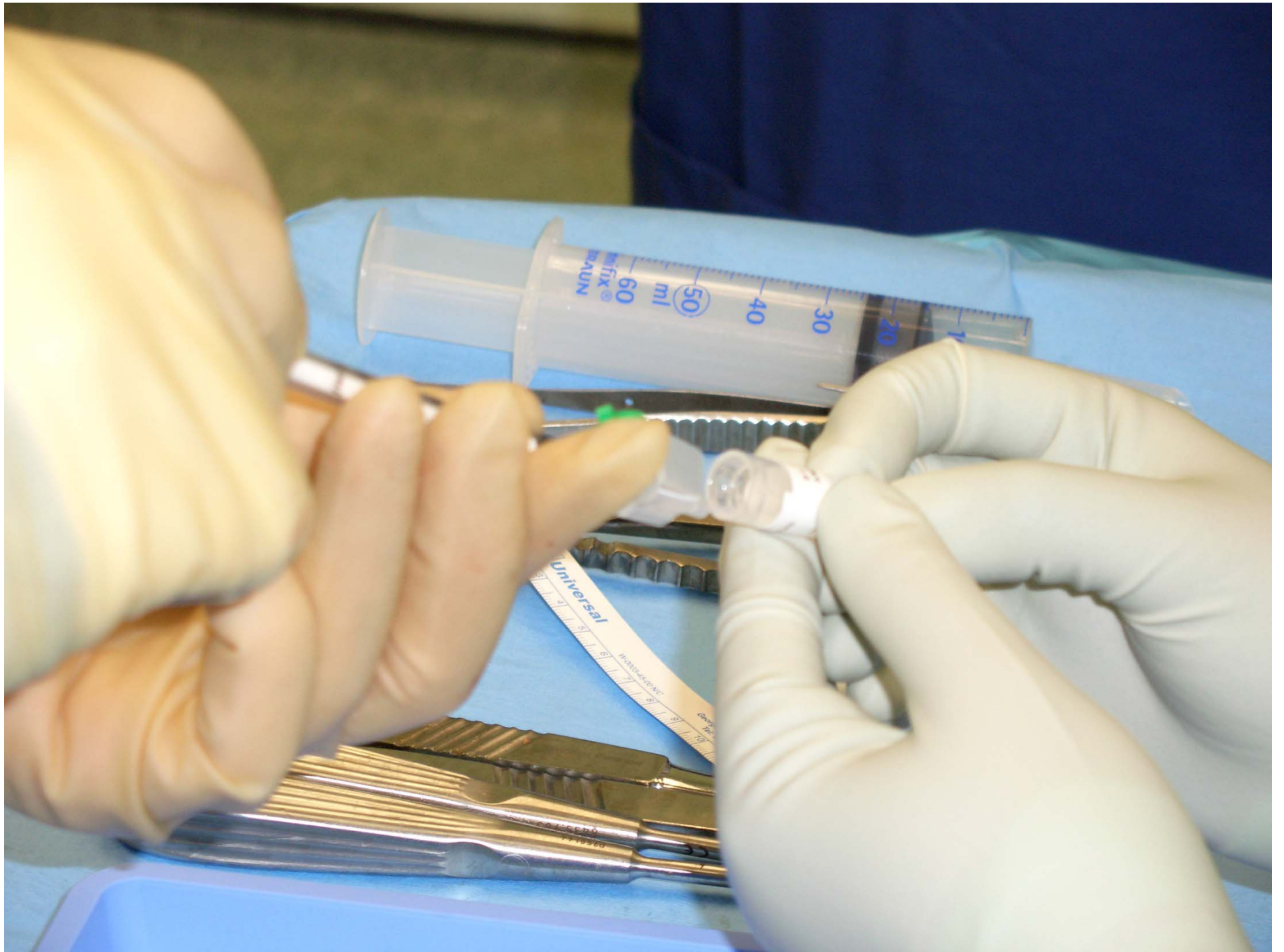


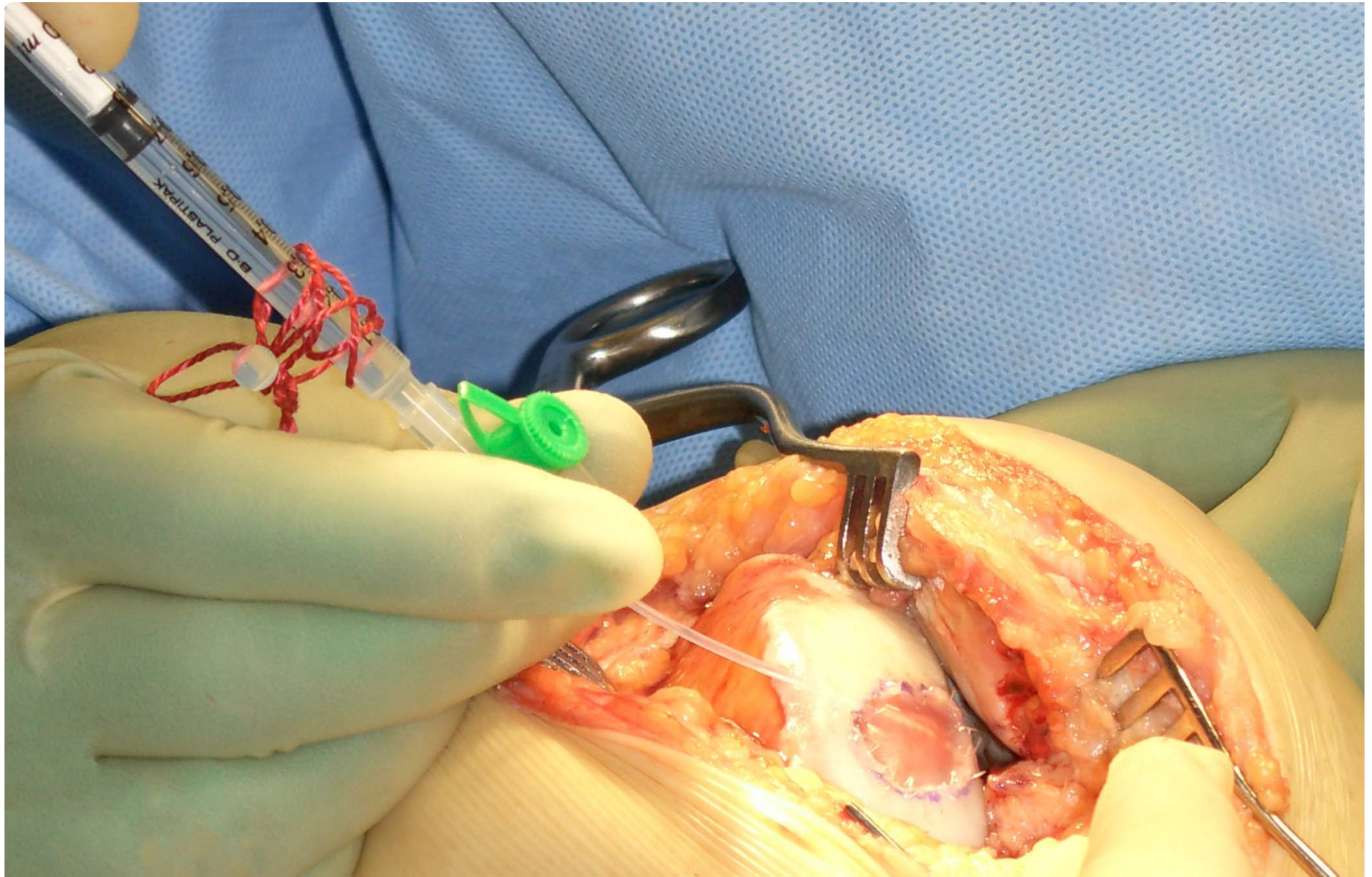
ORGANTRANS

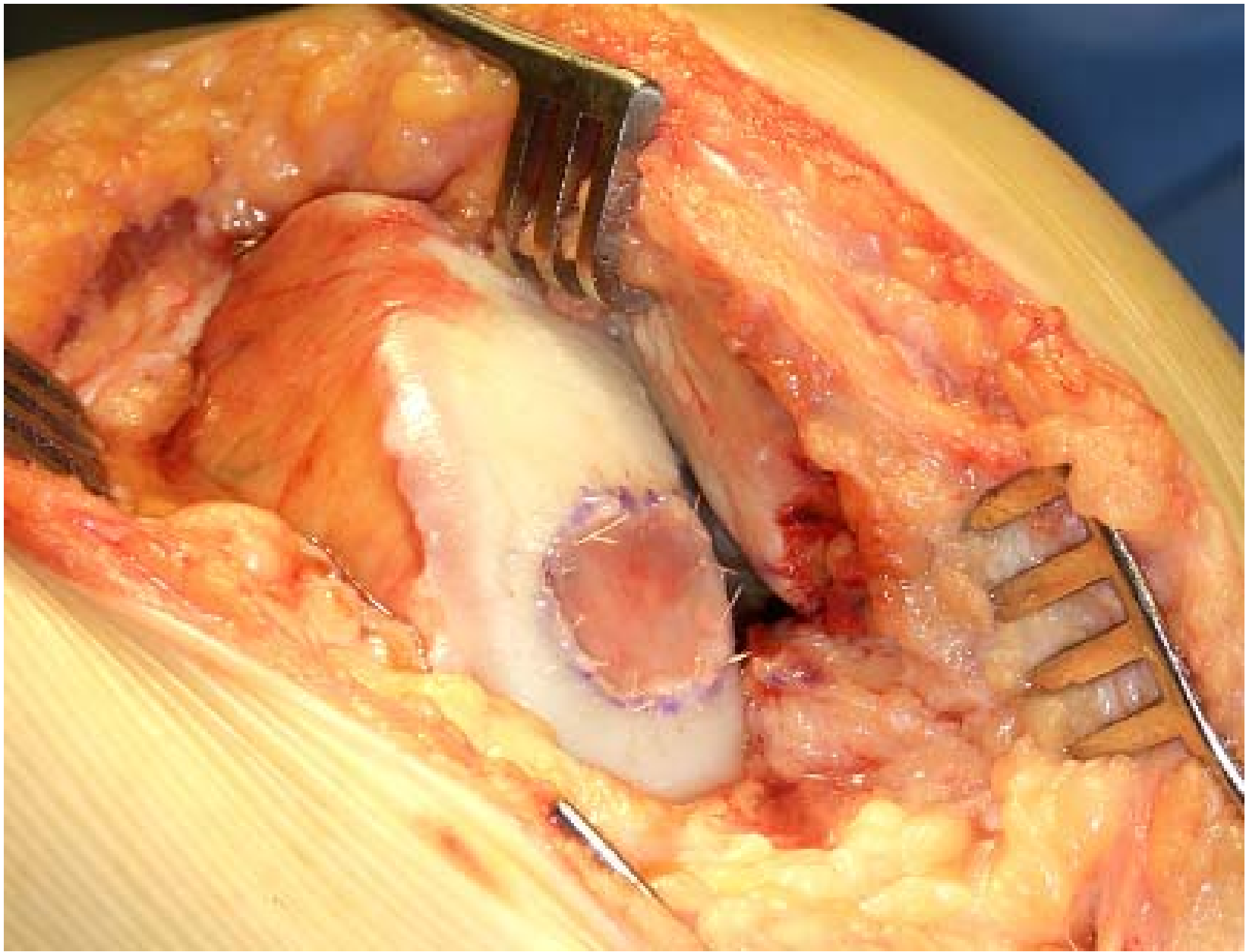
ORGANTRANS

ORGANTRANS







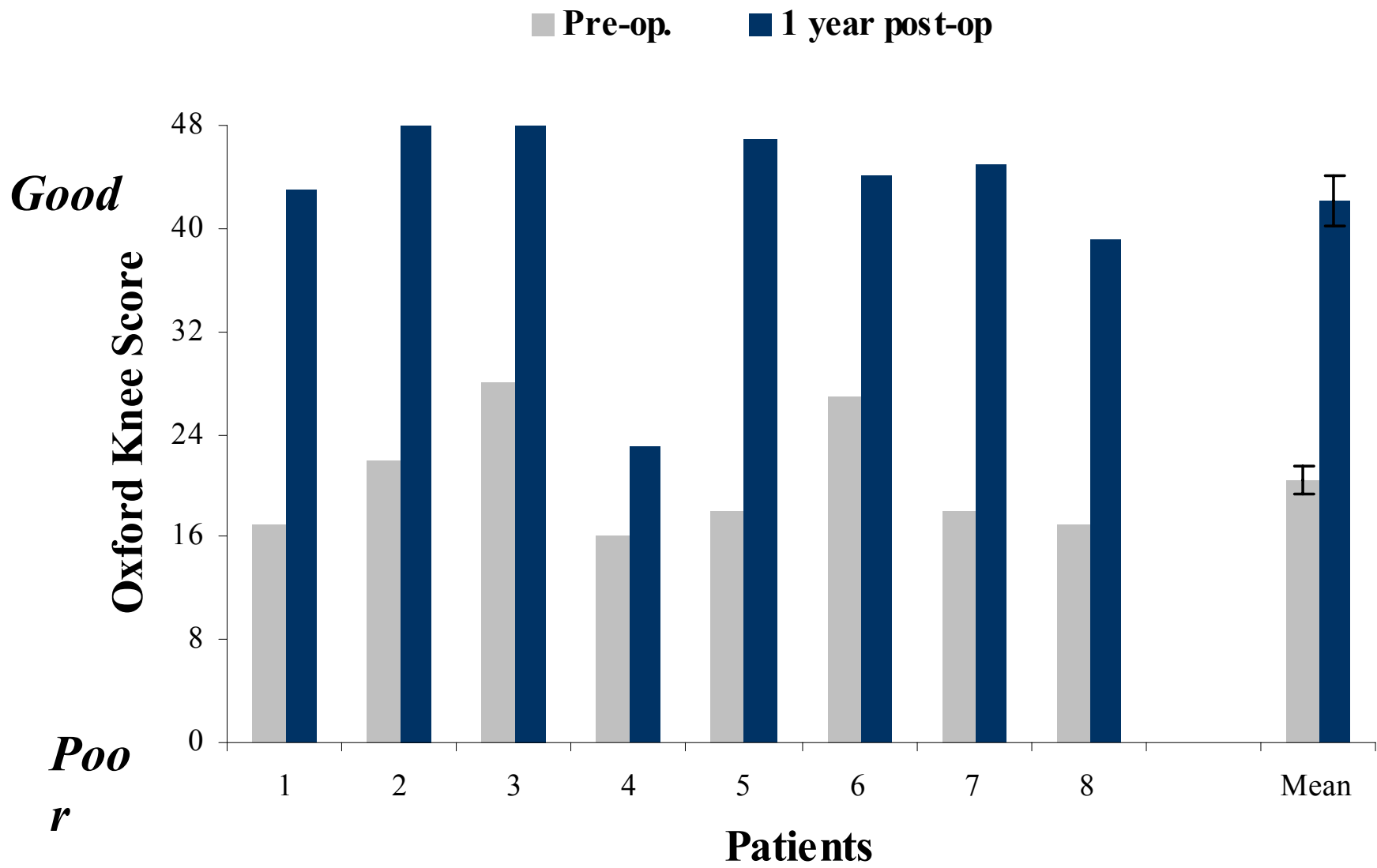


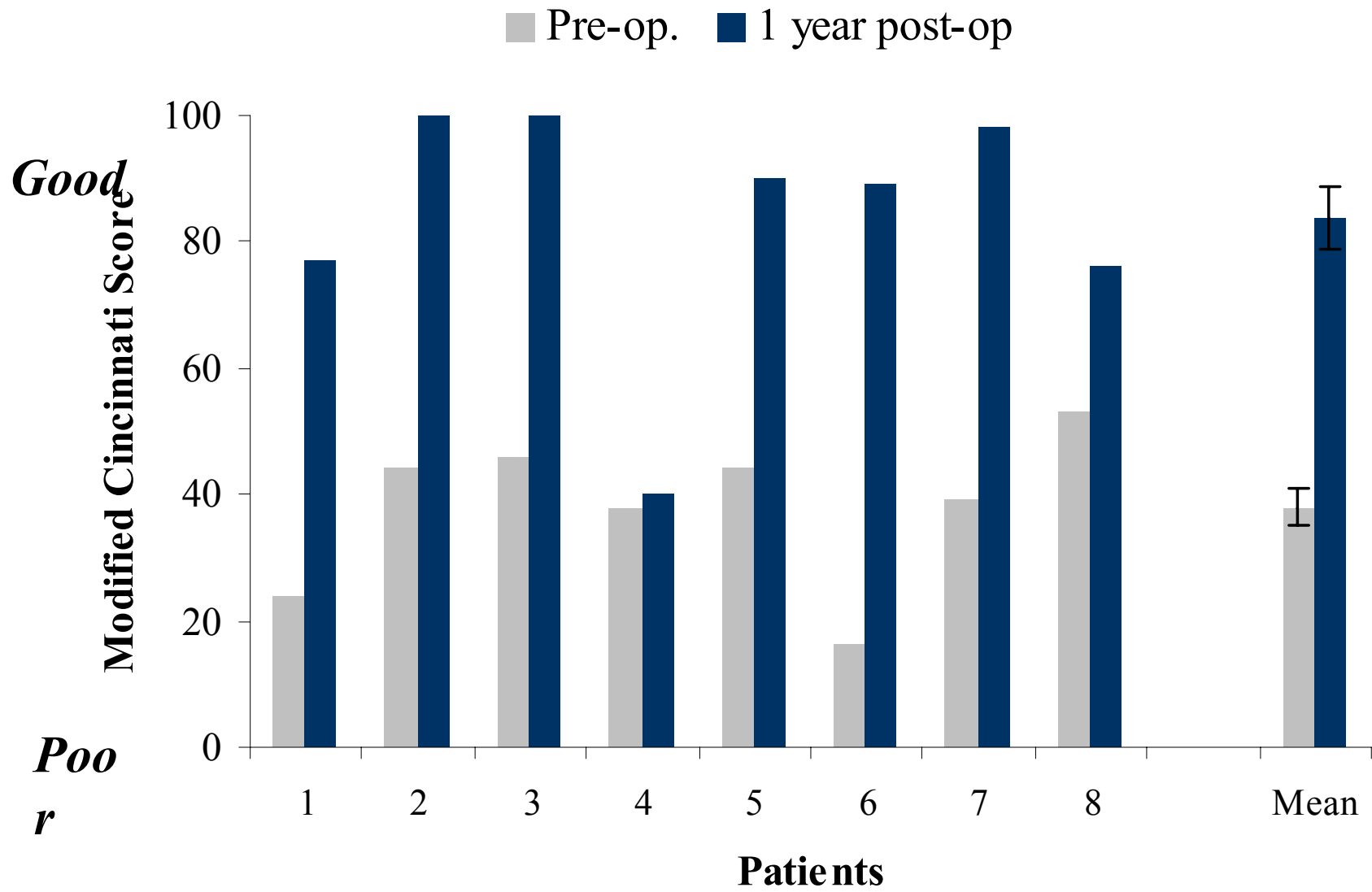
NOC series of ACI

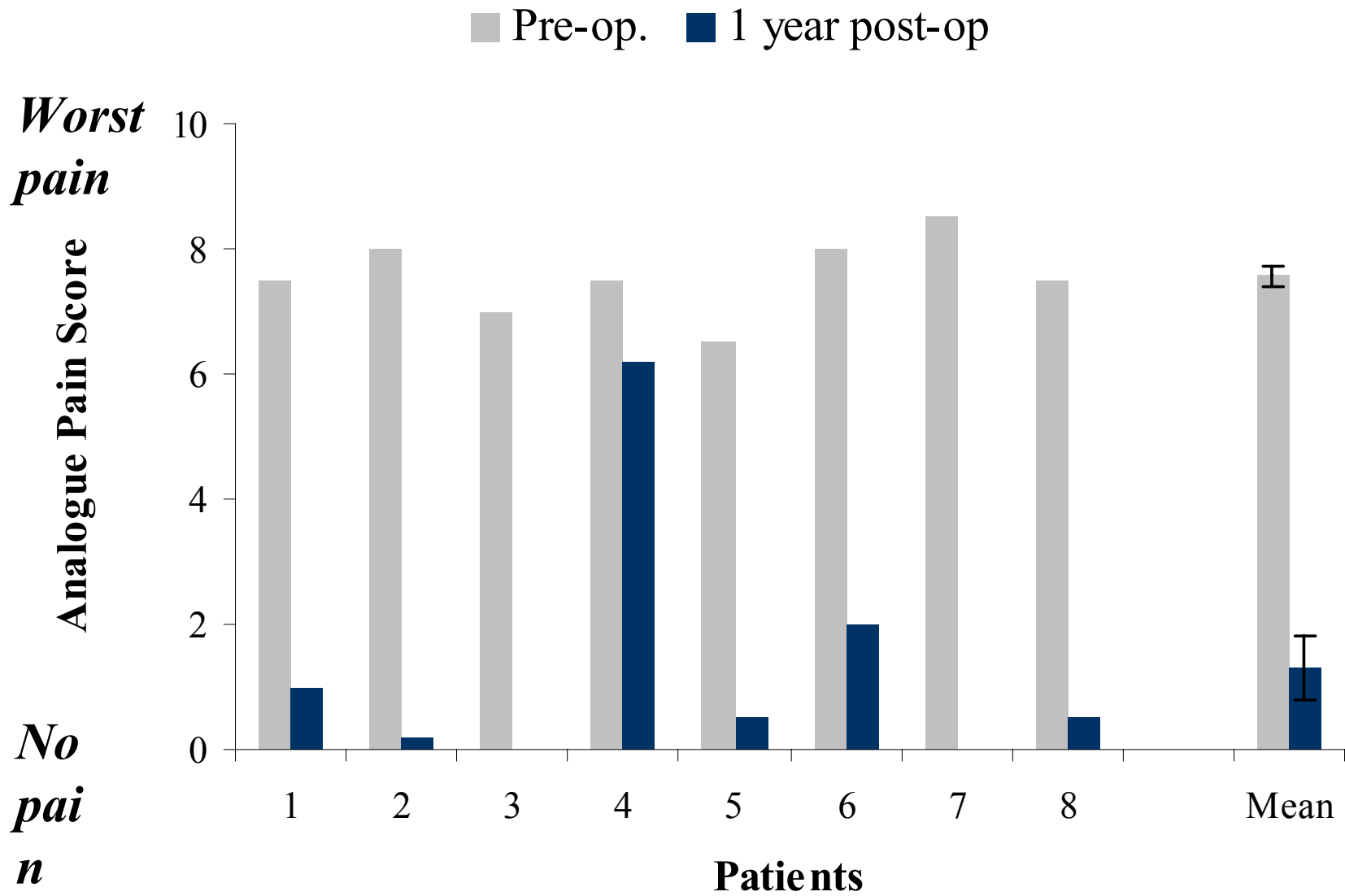
Outcome measures (pre-op, 1 year)

- Oxford Knee Score (0 to 48)
- Modified Cincinnati Score (0 to 100)
- Visual analogue pain score (0 to 10)

- All NOC 8 at one year post-operation







NOC series of ACI

Summary

- 7 successful procedures
- 1 failure
- Encouraging clinical results in salvage group

ACI, NOC & NICE

What next?

- Caution in ACI's use remains vital
- Appears to be a valuable clinical intervention
- True indications need to be identified

Questions

- Durable?
- Kissing defects?
- Confounding factors?

Treating early OA



Treating early OA

- ? Application of ACI
- Age range in reported series of ACI 30-50.

ACI application in OA

Dr Tom Minas MD

Brigham and Women's Hospital
Boston
USA



Mr David Wood

Perth, Australia

- Extended indication for ACI
- Early OA medial compartment
- Correctable varus deformity
- Full thickness femoral lesions
- No full thickness tibial lesions



HTO + MACI



HTO + MACI



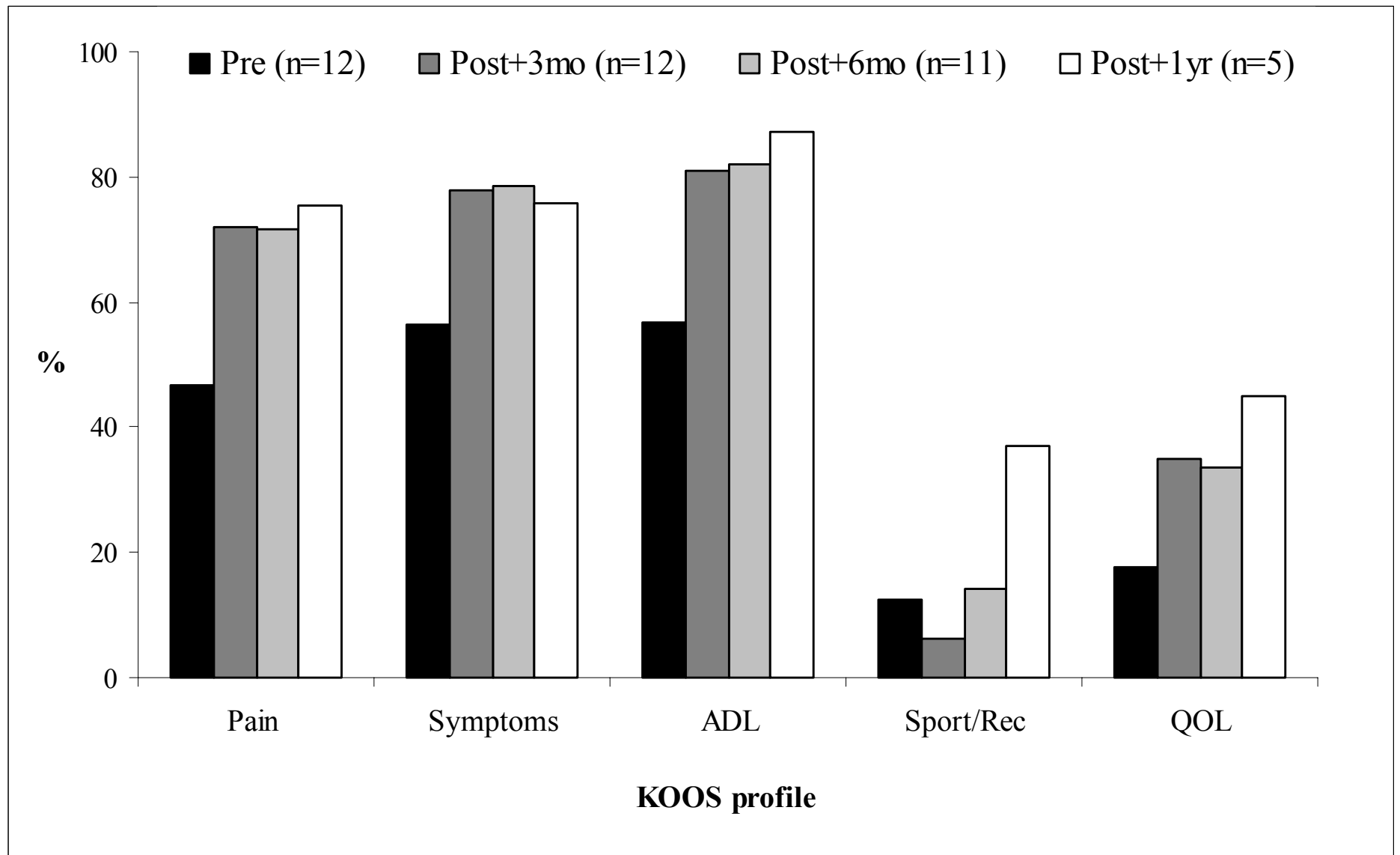
MACI & HTO (n=12)

Mean age: 47yrs (27 – 58yrs)

Average varus deformity: 6°

Average graft: 5.9cm²

Early Functional Outcome



MRI results

- Defect in-fill
- Mean graft thickness
 - 0 mm pre-op
 - 1.5 mm at 3 months
 - 2.0 mm at 12 months

Dr Tom Minas

Boston, USA

- Using ACI for salvage in early OA
- Patients too young for TKA (30-50)
- Early OA
 - 50% loss of joint height
 - Peripheral osteophytes
 - Bipolar kissing lesions

Dr Tom Minas

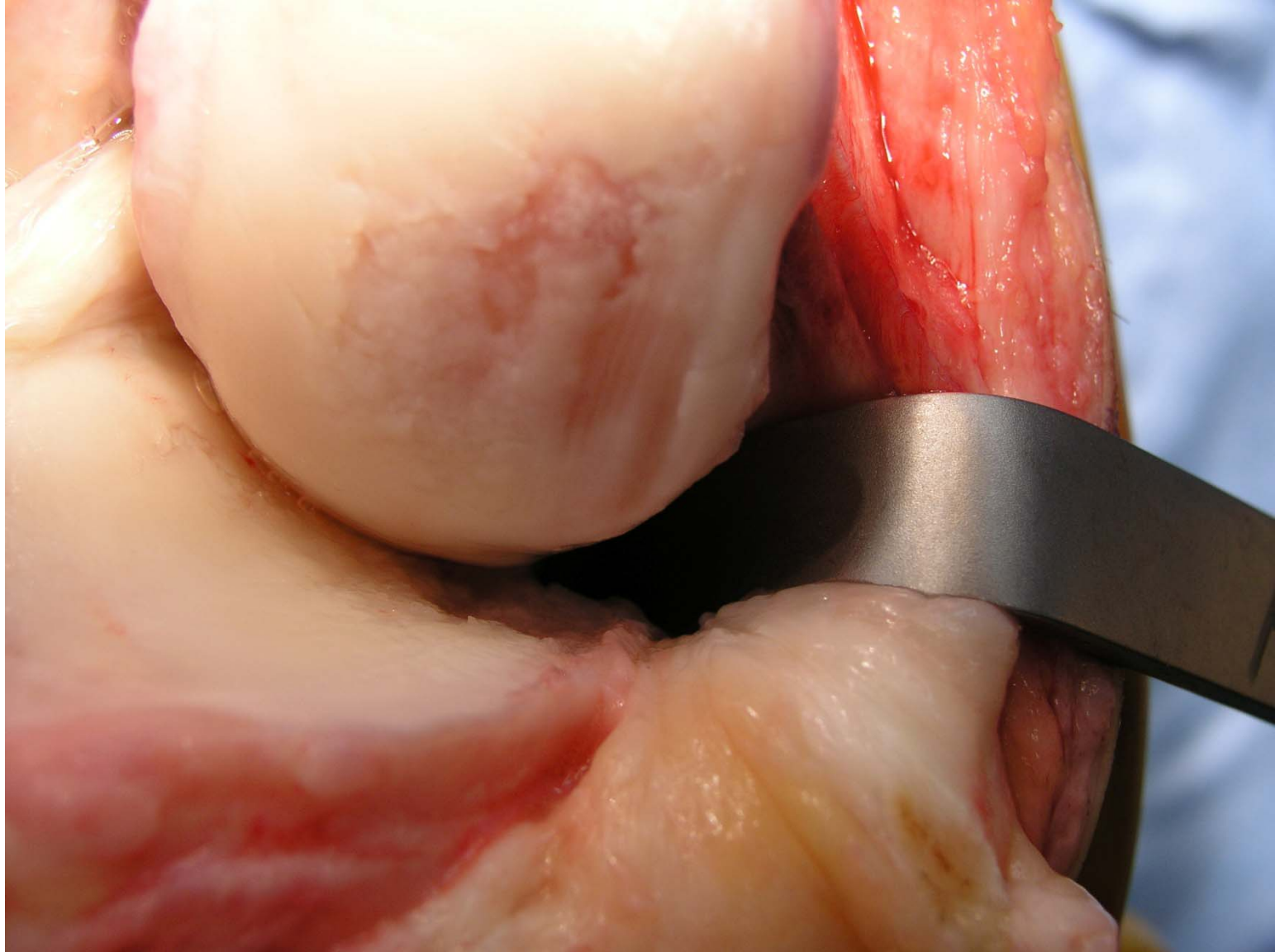
Boston, USA

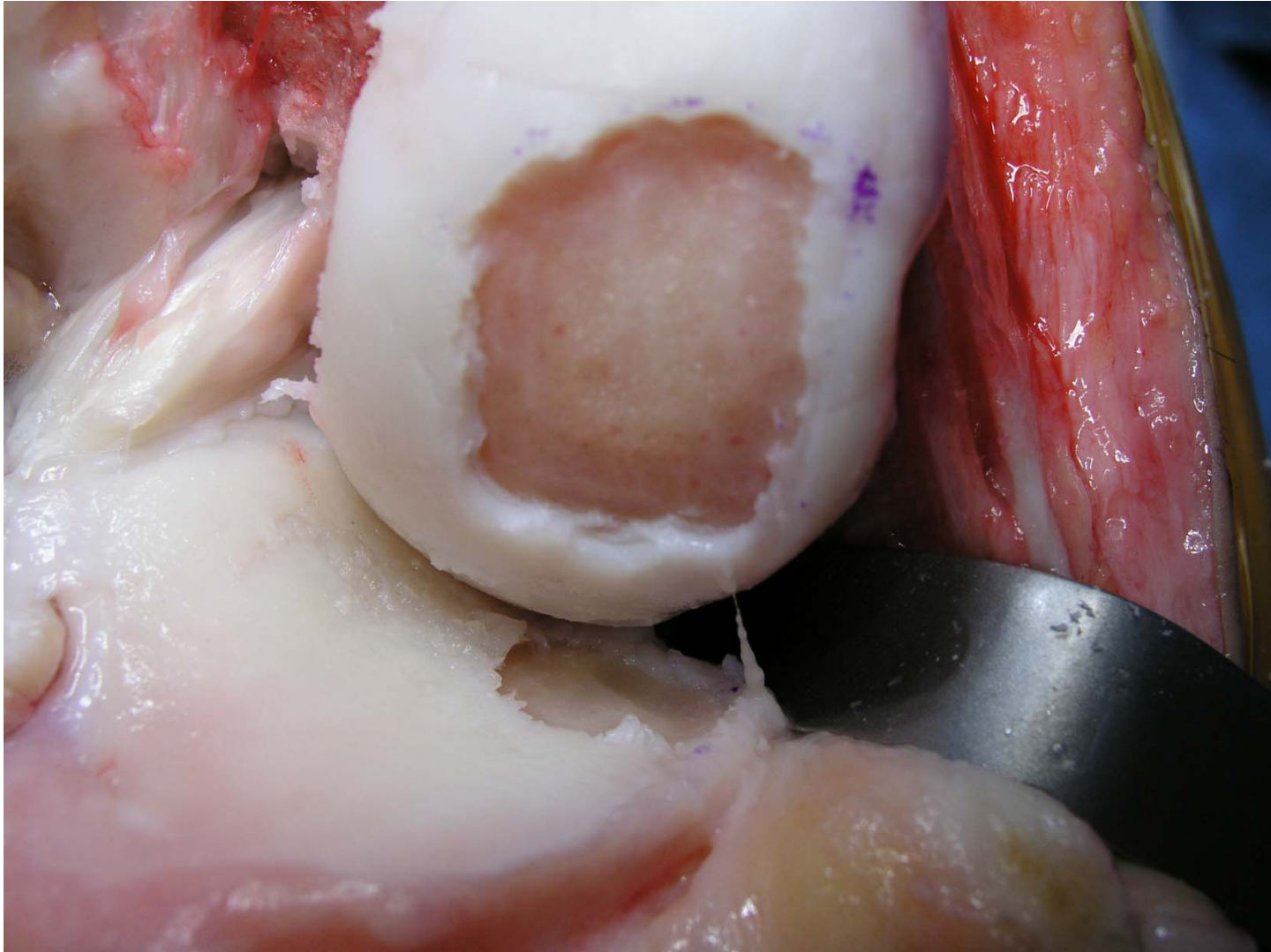
- Biological repair
- ACI-P
- Augmented with other procedures
 - HTO
 - TTO
 - Meniscal allograft
 - ACL reconstruction

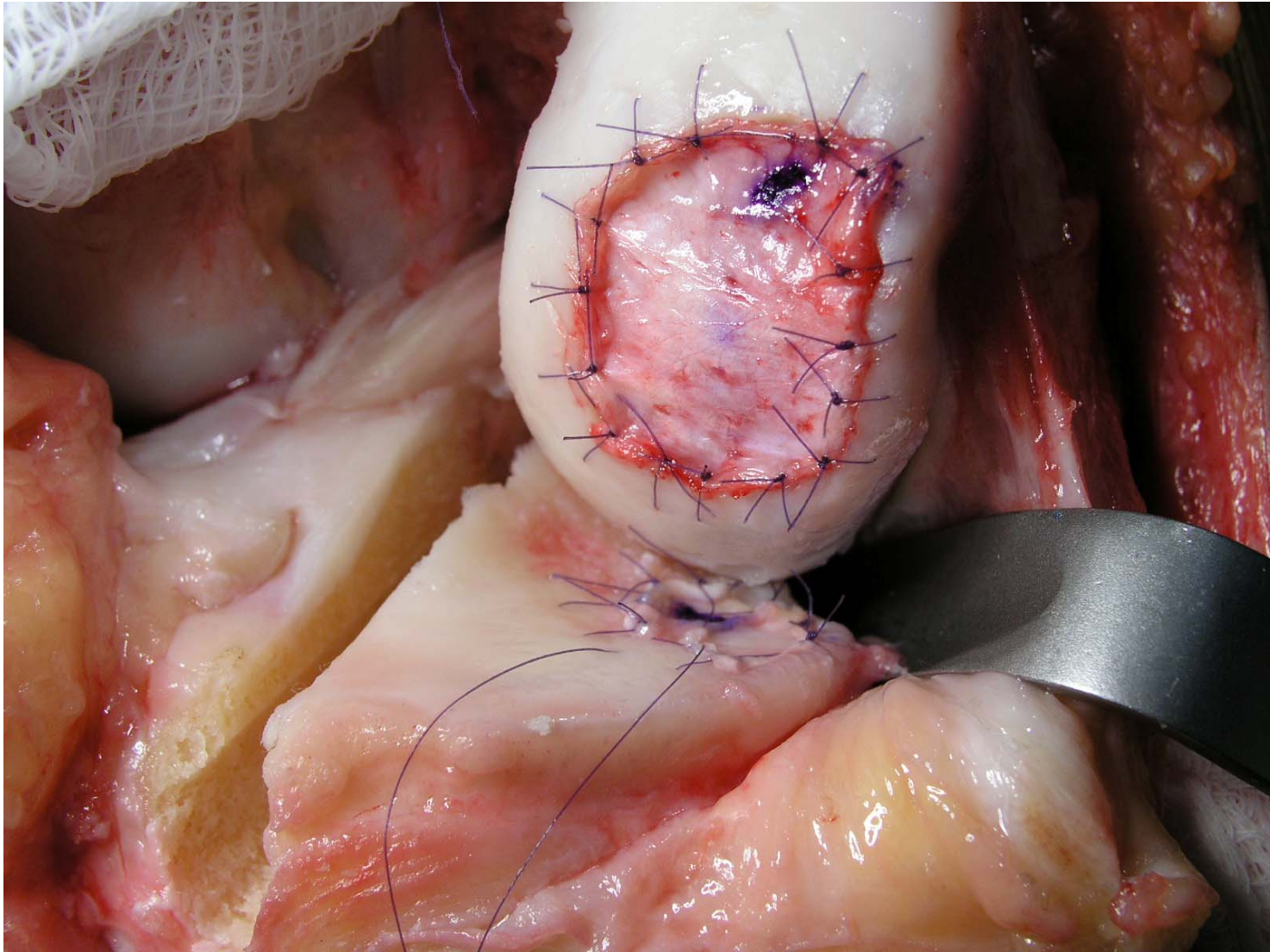
Case 1

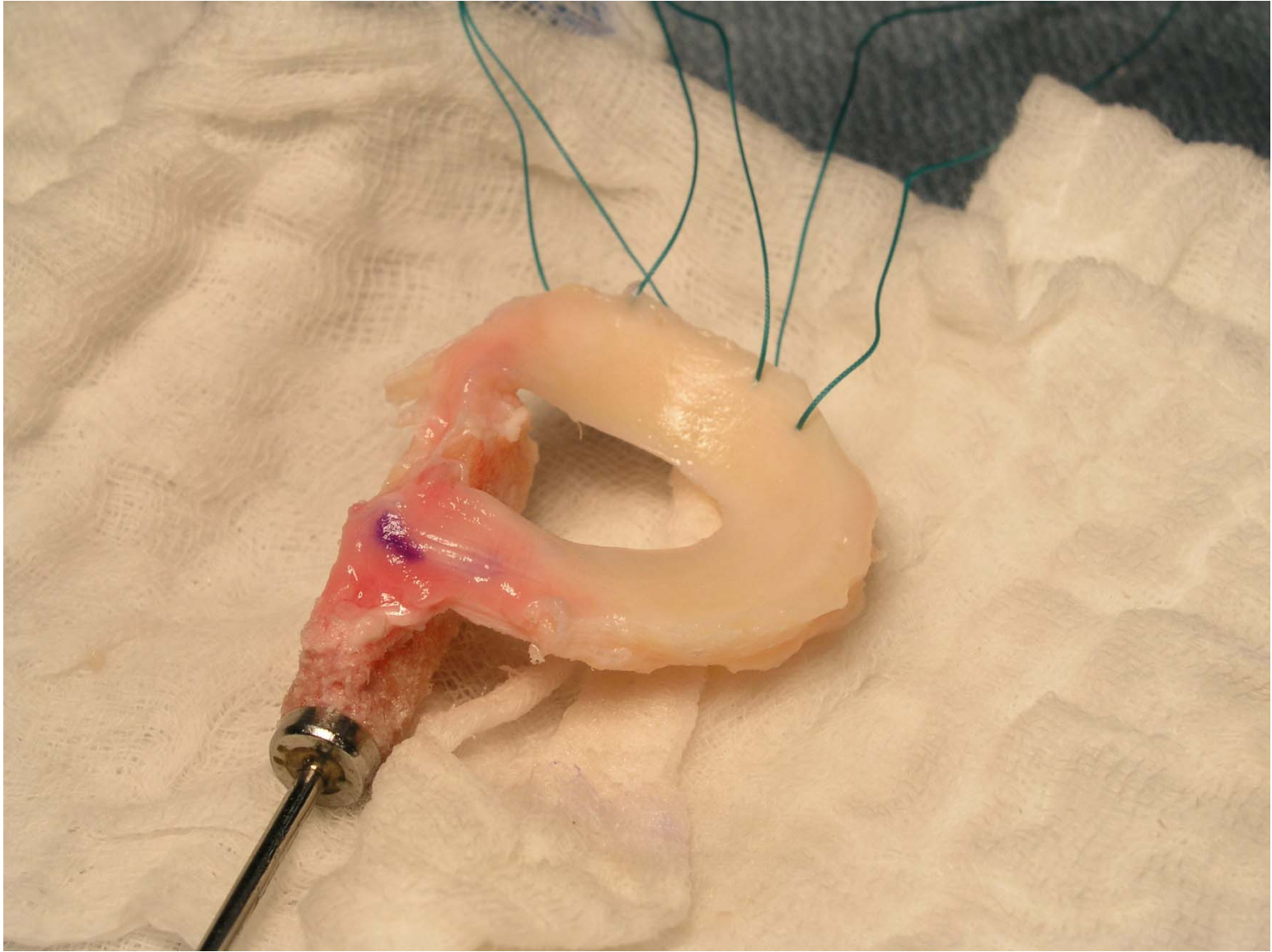
- 38 female







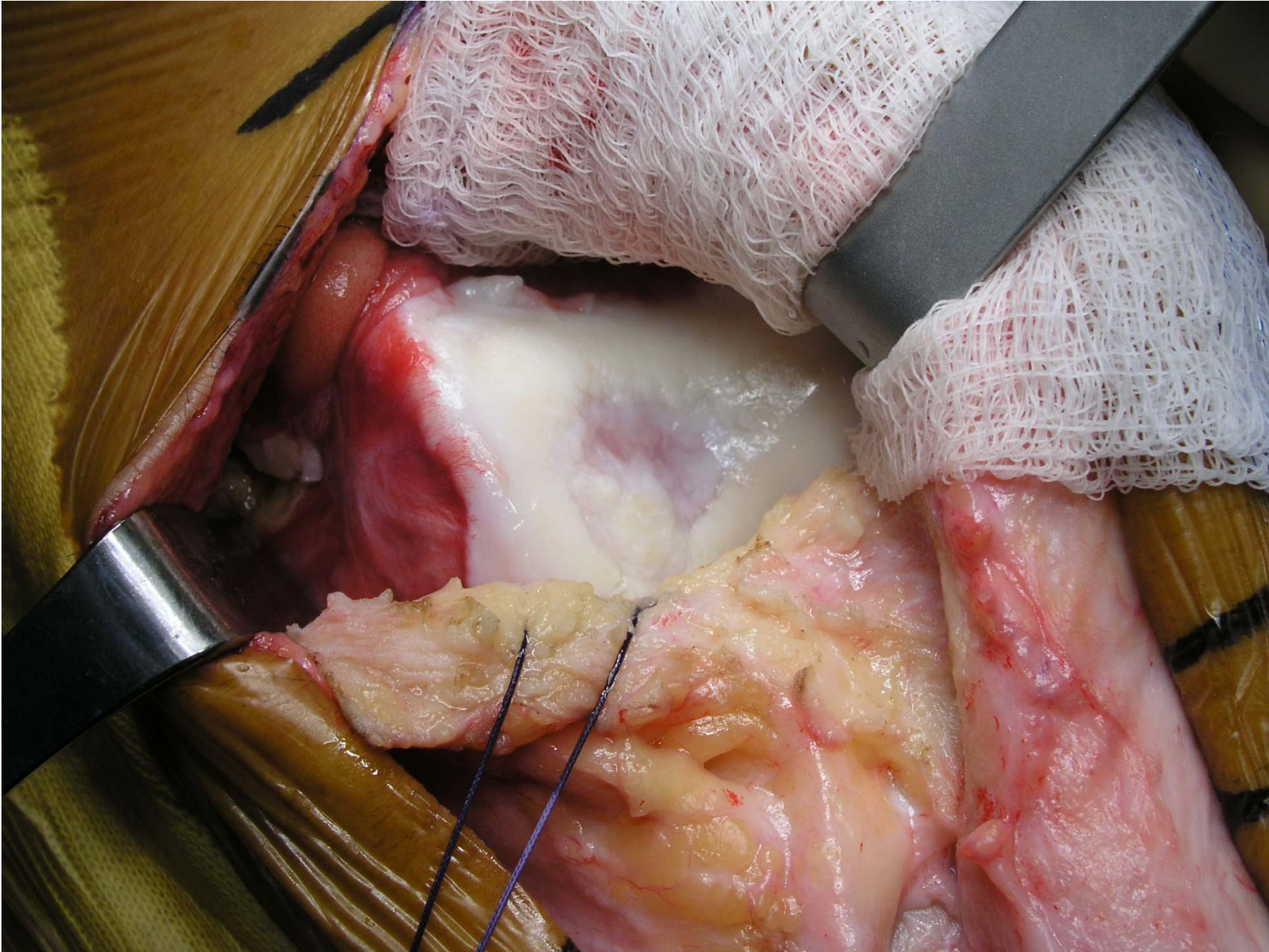




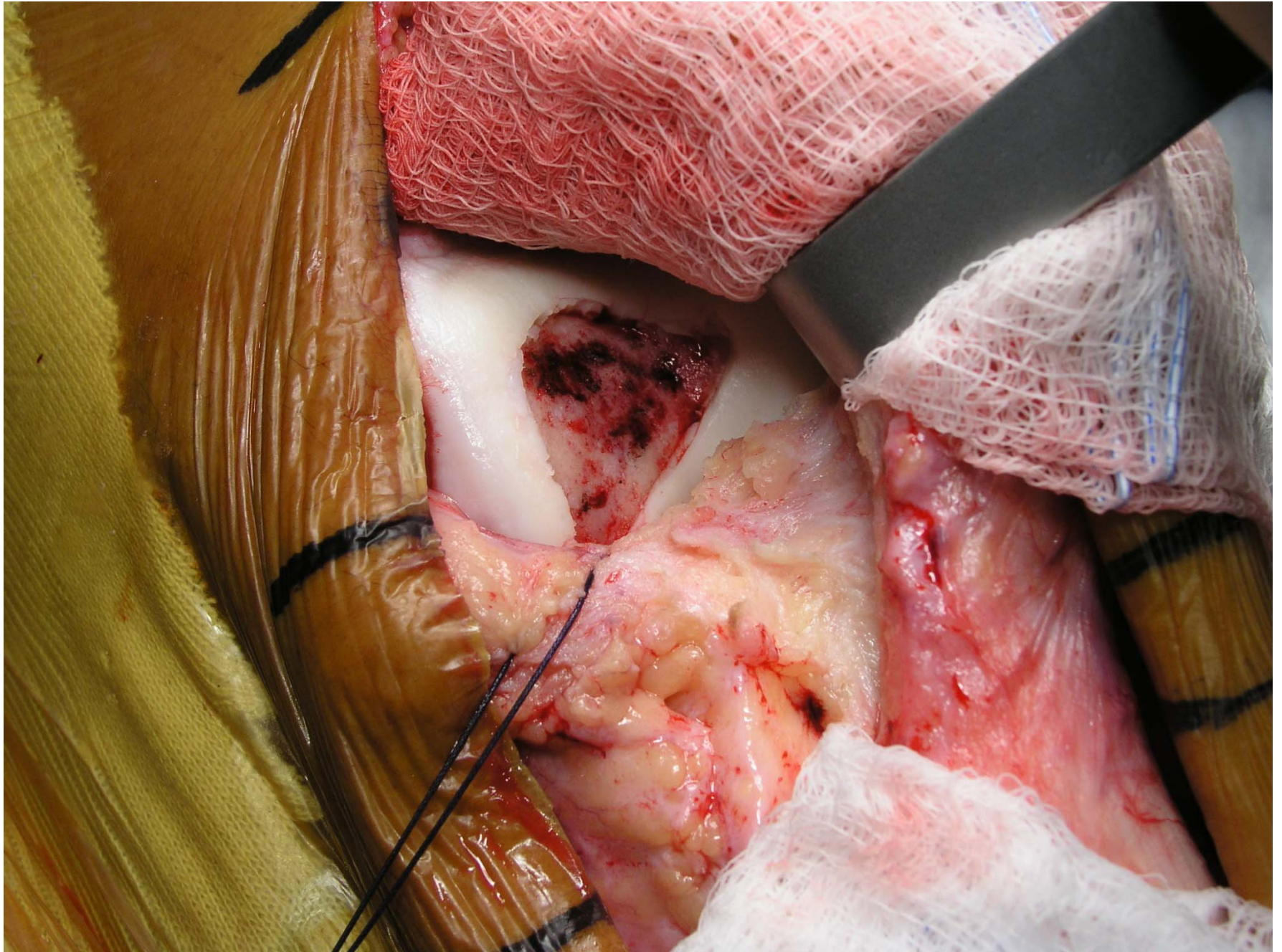
Case 2

- 42 female

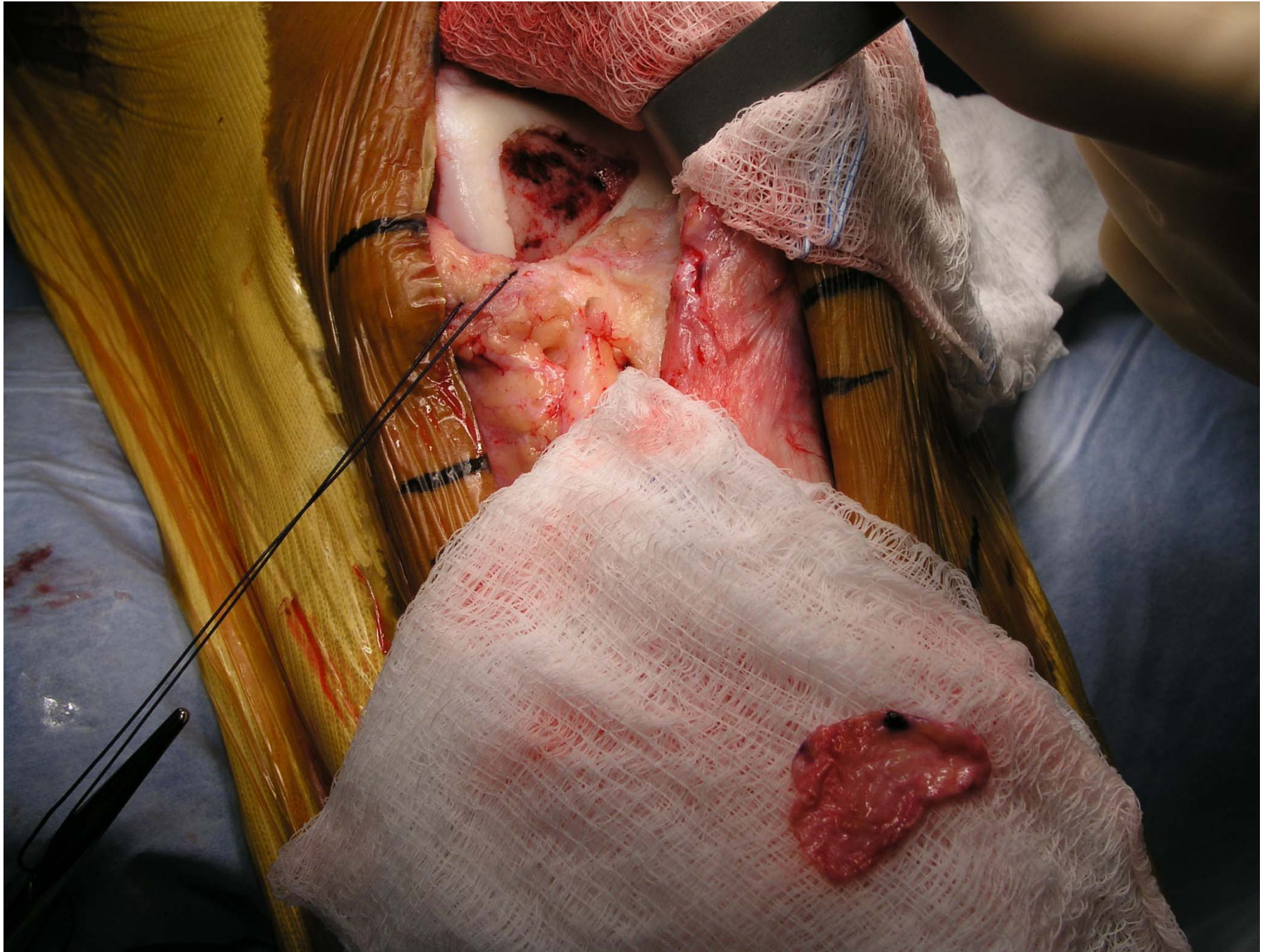


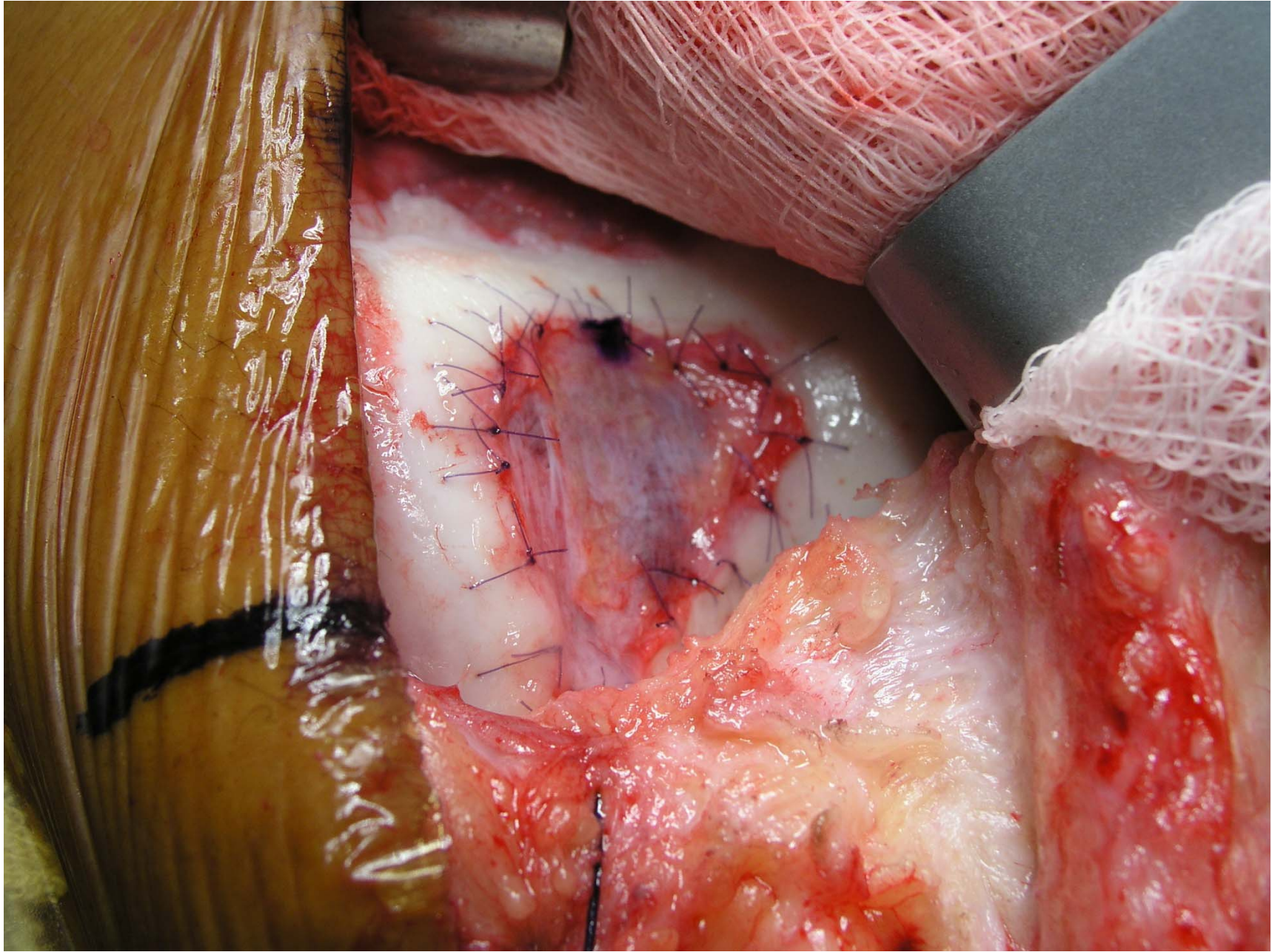






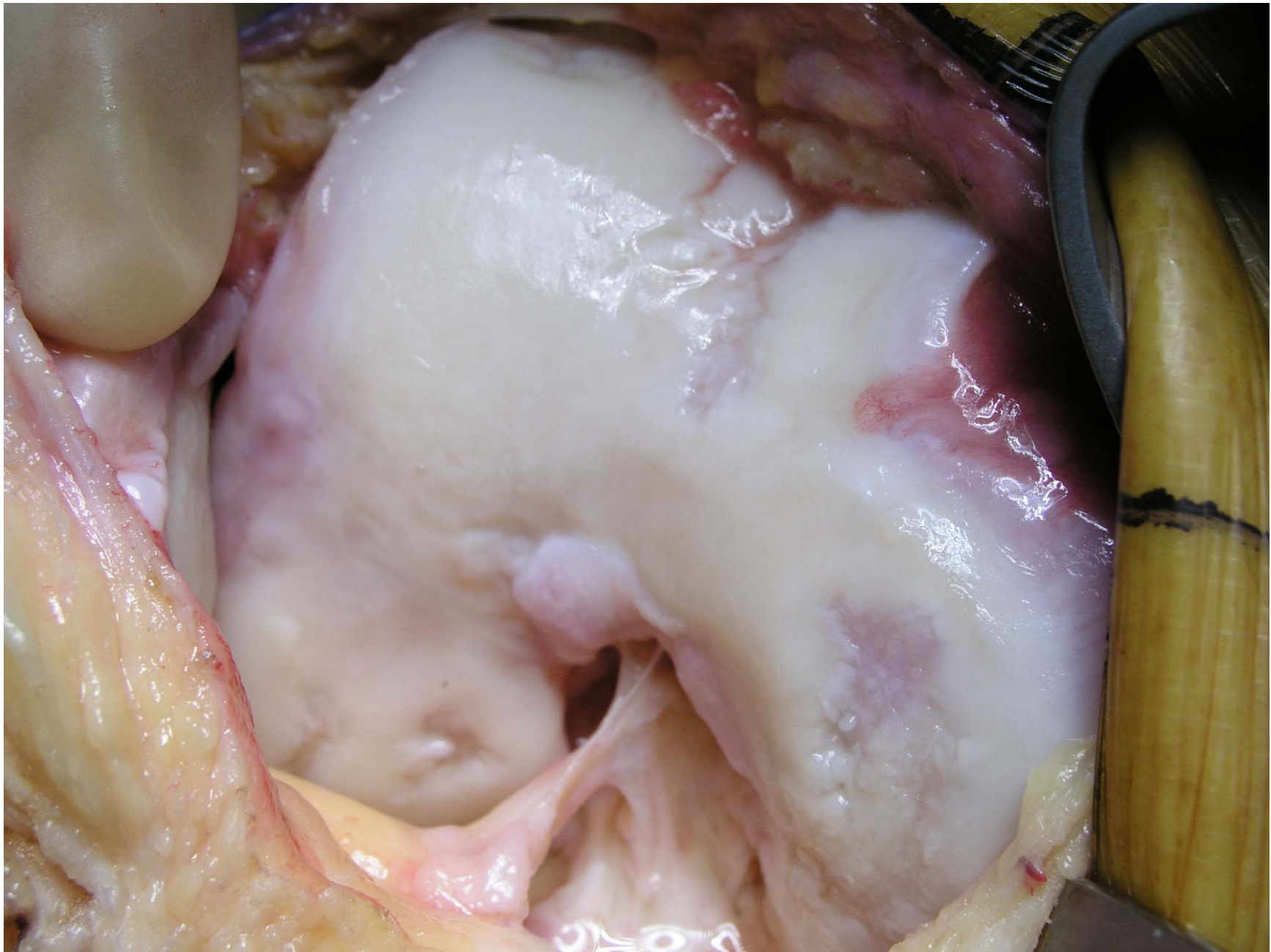


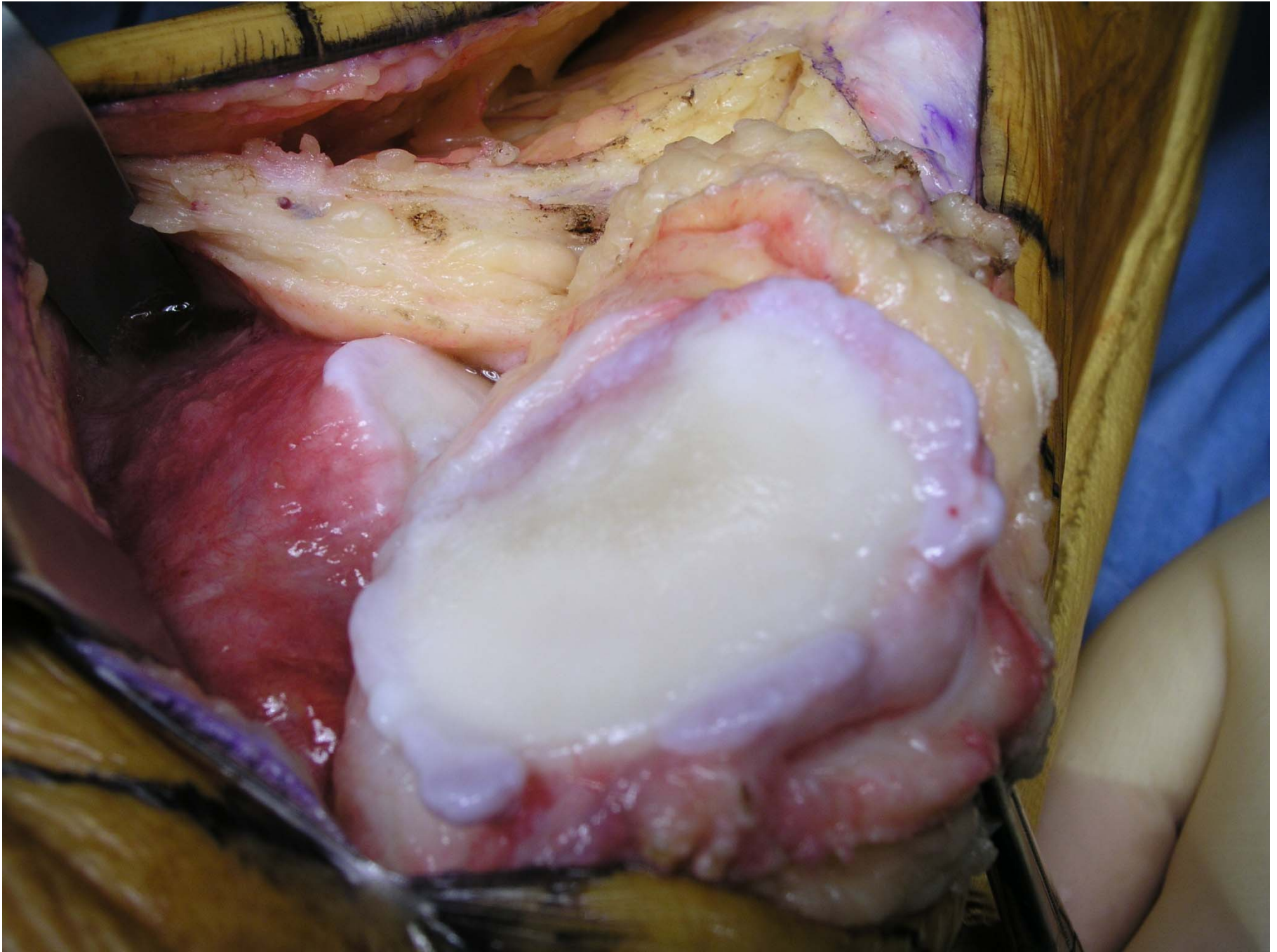


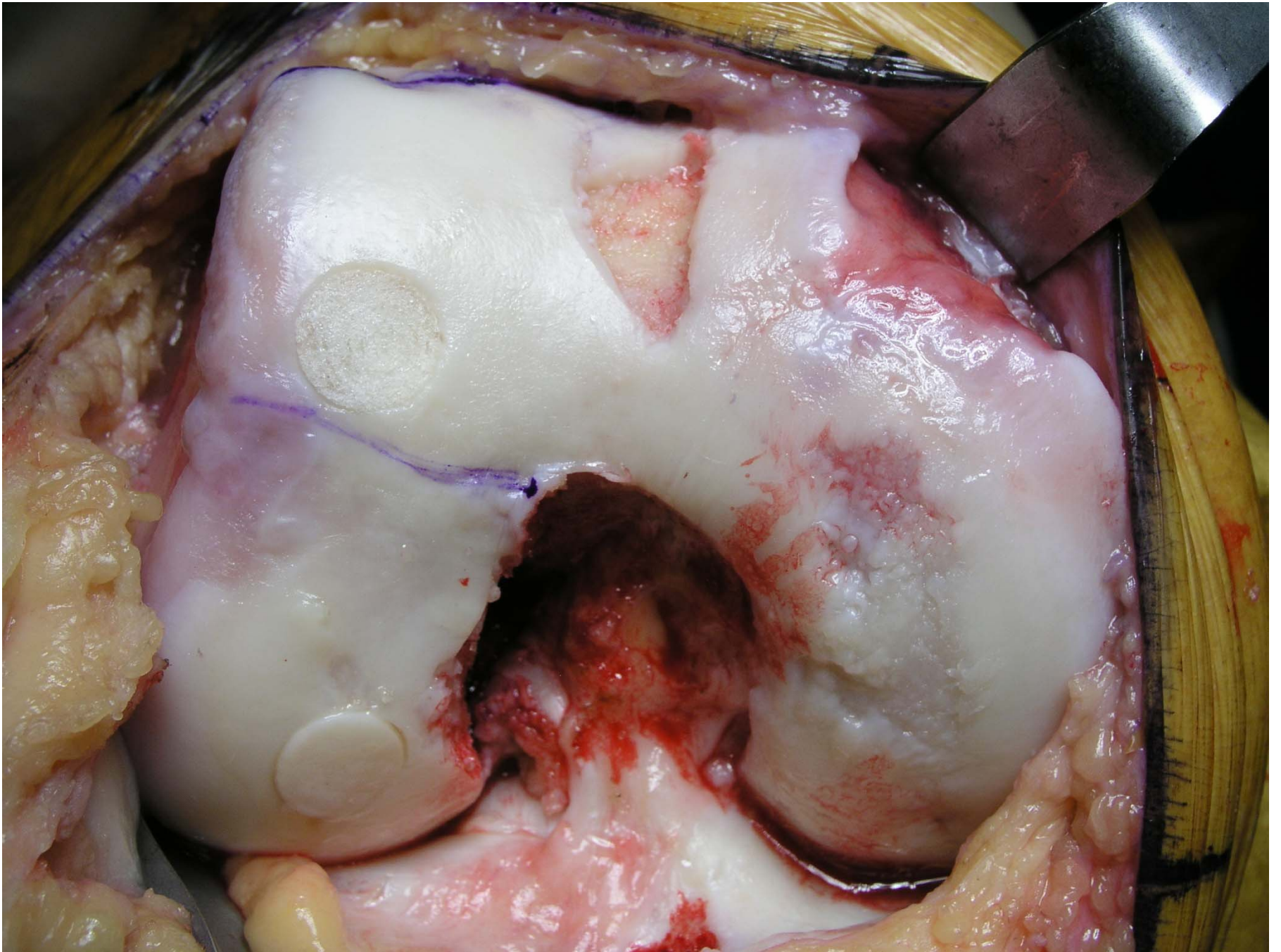


Case 3

- 46 male







Case 4

39 female





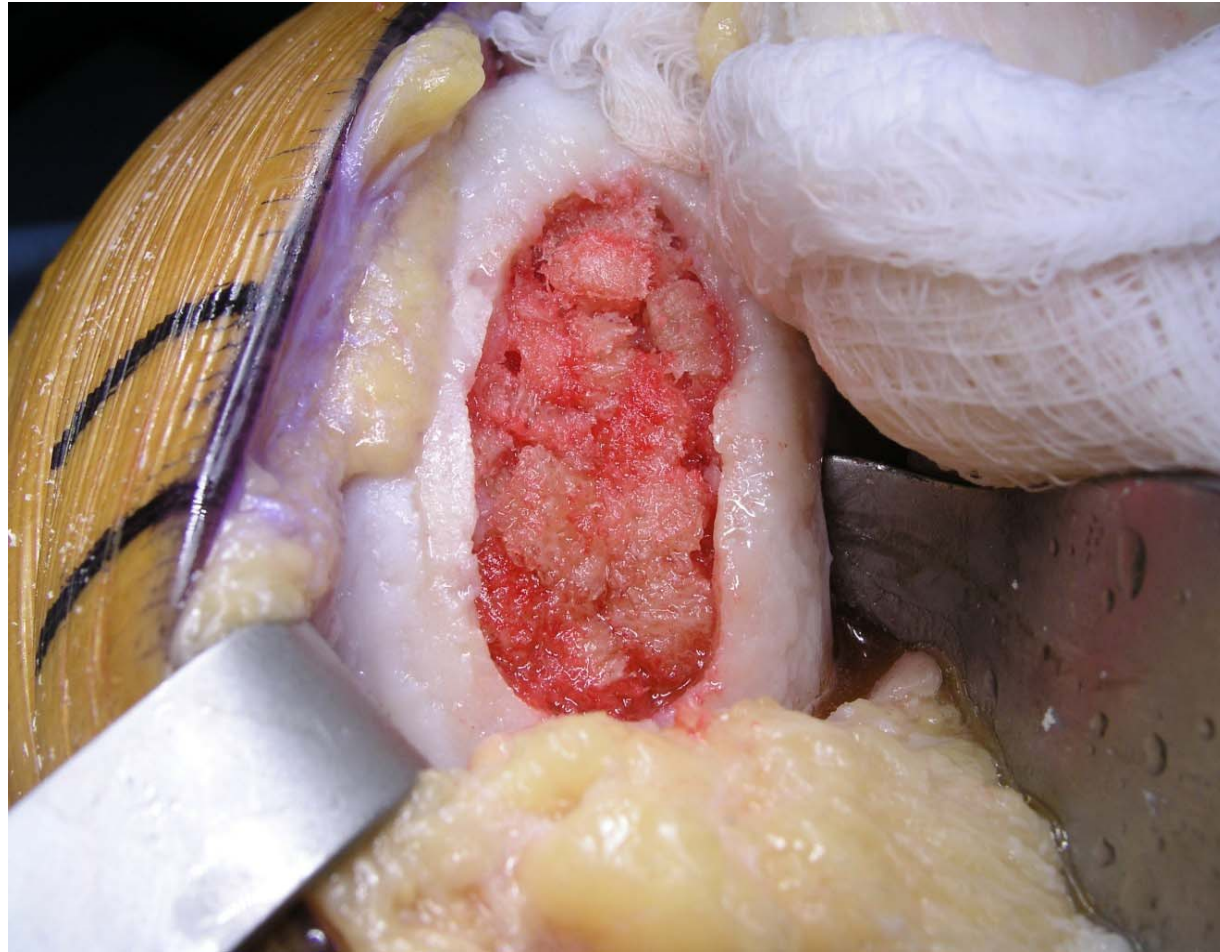
Se:1
Im:2

D.JAMES, A
Study Date:11/30/2004
Study Time:7:05:52 PM
MRN:



C2048
W4096





Results of salvage ACI in early OA

T Minas 2003 *Orthopedics*

- 71 salvage cases
- Mean age 40
- All had early OA
 - <50% joint space narrowing
 - Bipolar kissing lesions
 - Peripheral osteophytes
- Too young for TKA

Results of salvage ACL in early OA

T Minas 2003 *Orthopedics*

- Average follow-up 4 years (2-7)
- 12 (17%) further surgery
- 2 (3%) required TKA
- Cincinnati Knee Score (means)
 - Pre-op 3.1
 - Post-op 5.2 ($p < 0.001$)

What do we think?

ACI for OA

- ACI unproven in treating simple cartilage lesions
- No controlled data on ACI use in treating OA
- No present RCTs
- Expensive
- EXPERIMENTAL

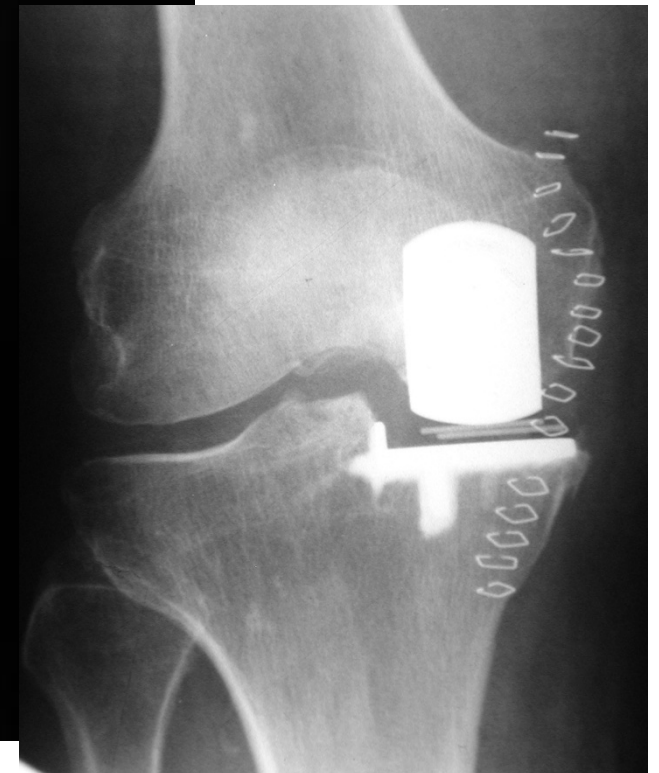
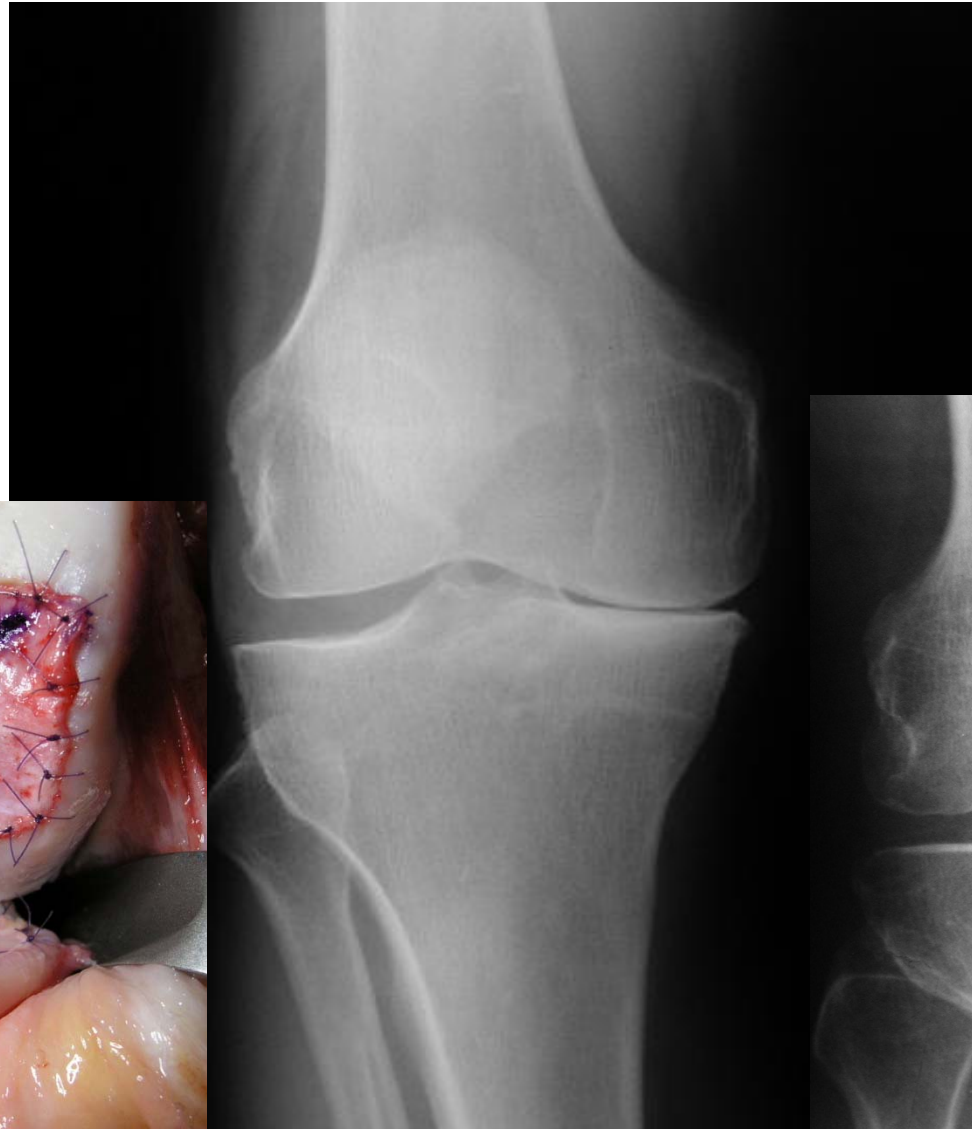
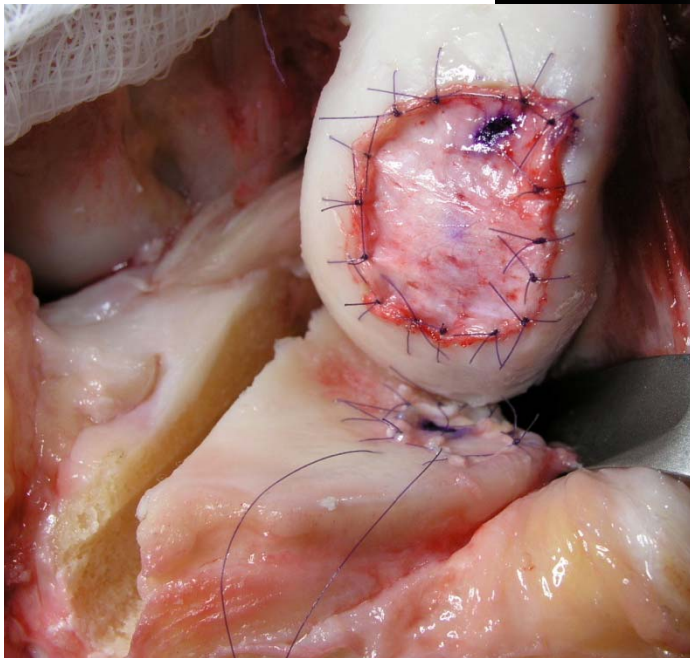
MADNESS

ACI for OA

- Pioneering
- Biological treatment will develop
- Improved biological materials
- Improved manipulation of cell function
 - Growth factors, Gene treatment
- In-situ treatment

THIS IS THE FUTURE...

Will cartilage transplantation replace UKA?





Thank you





Cartilage Transplantation in the Knee

Treating Early Osteoarthritis

Andrew Price

DPhil FRCS(Orth)

Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon
Reader in Musculoskeletal Science
Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre
Nuffield Department of Orthopaedic Surgery
Oxford University



Clinical Scientist

Clinical treatment

Basic science research

Cartilage disease in the knee

Co-investigators

J Rees, D Beard, B Robinson, N Arden, C Cooper, K Javaid R Gill, A Zavatsky, P Oppold, A Short, C Kellett, B Marks, H Pandit, C Dodd, JJ O'Connor, J Goodfellow, P McLardy-Smith, R Gundle, R Rout, S McDonald, C Dodd, D Murray, A Carr, M Thompson, N Athanasou, P Hulley, D Simpson, M Gibbons, D Whitwell, G Moxley, J Loughlin, A Taylor, Z Xia, J Triffitt, S Snelling

Osteoarthritis

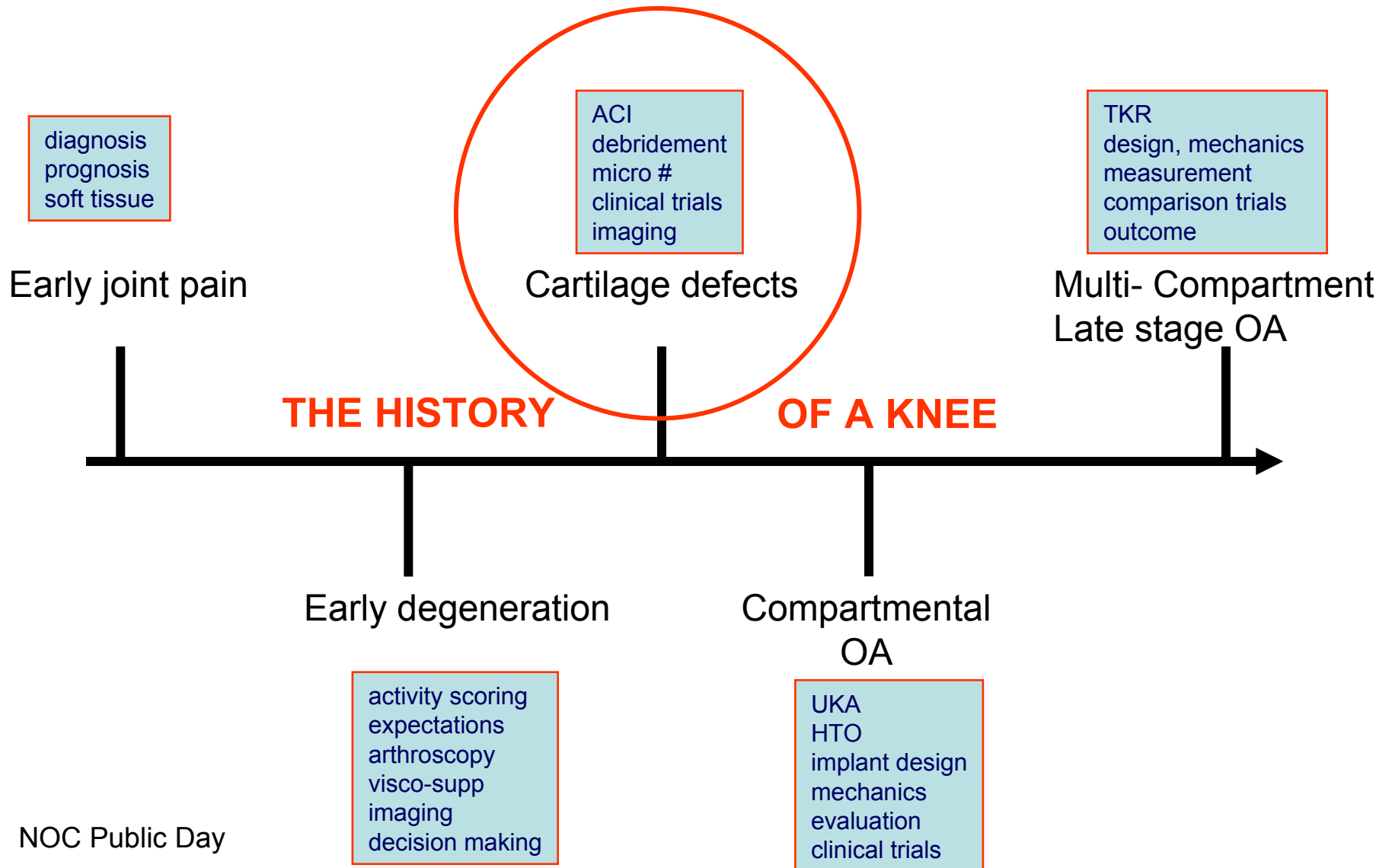


Total knee replacement



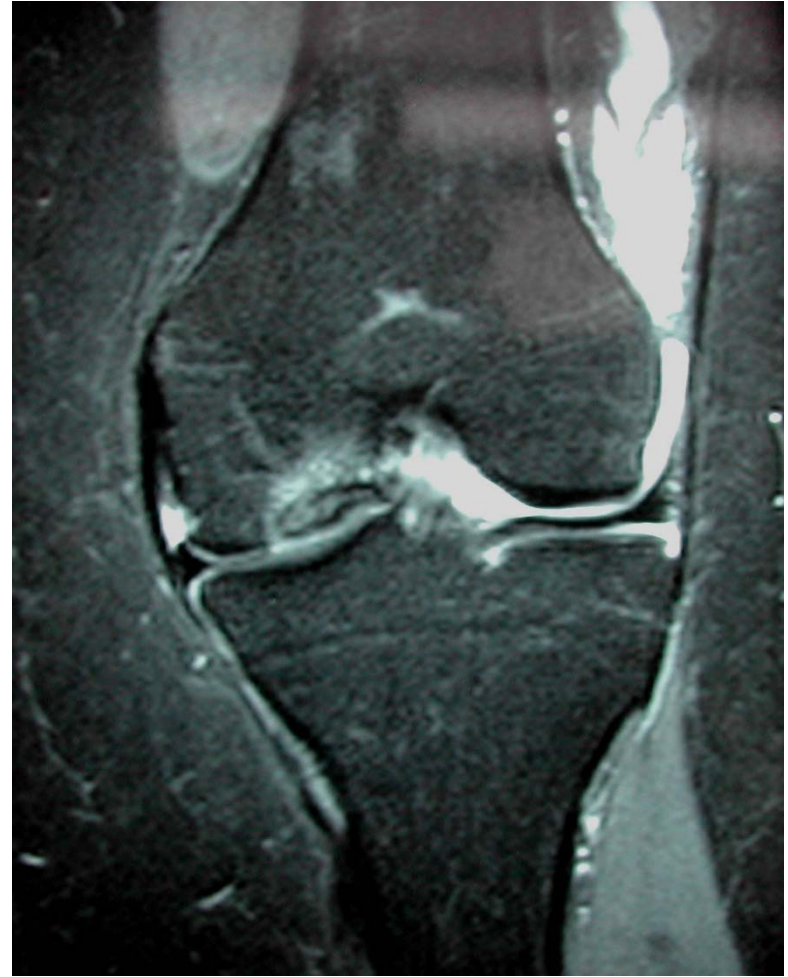
Price, Beard, Gill,
Murray, Dodd, Pandit
(Fellows & Collaborators)

Oxford Knee Research Programme

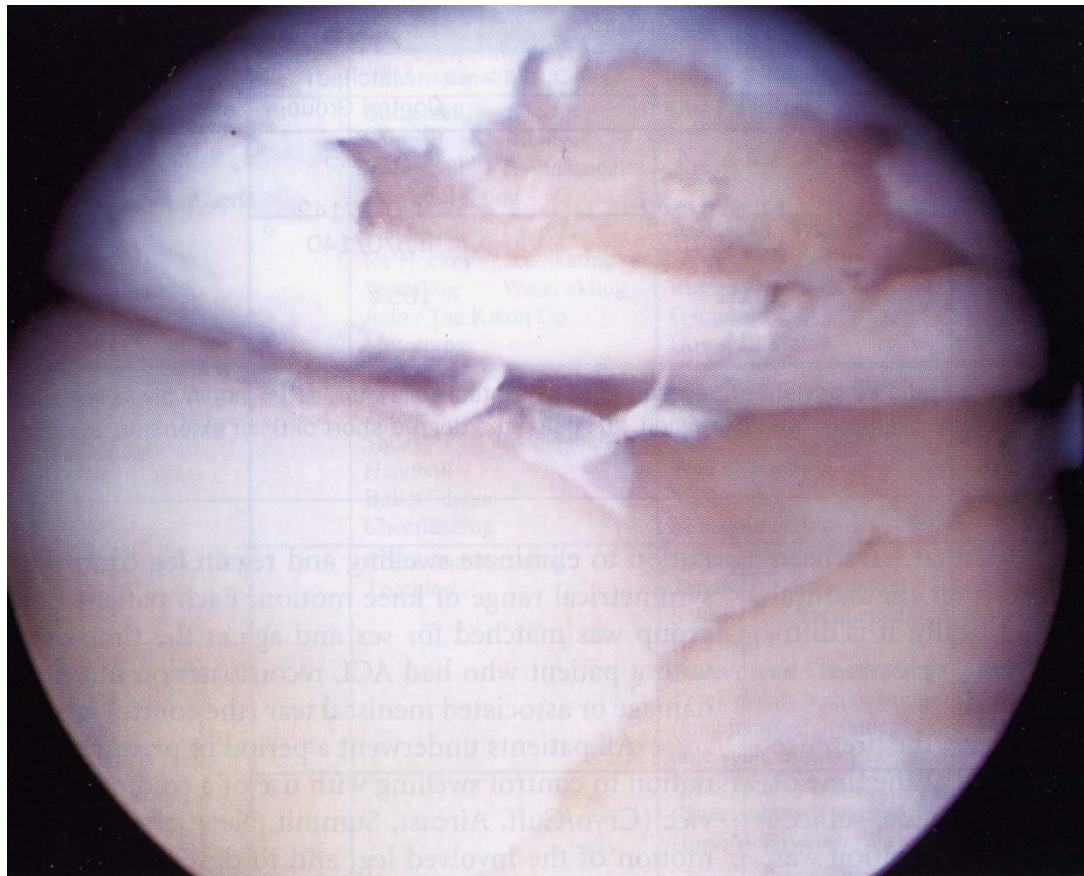




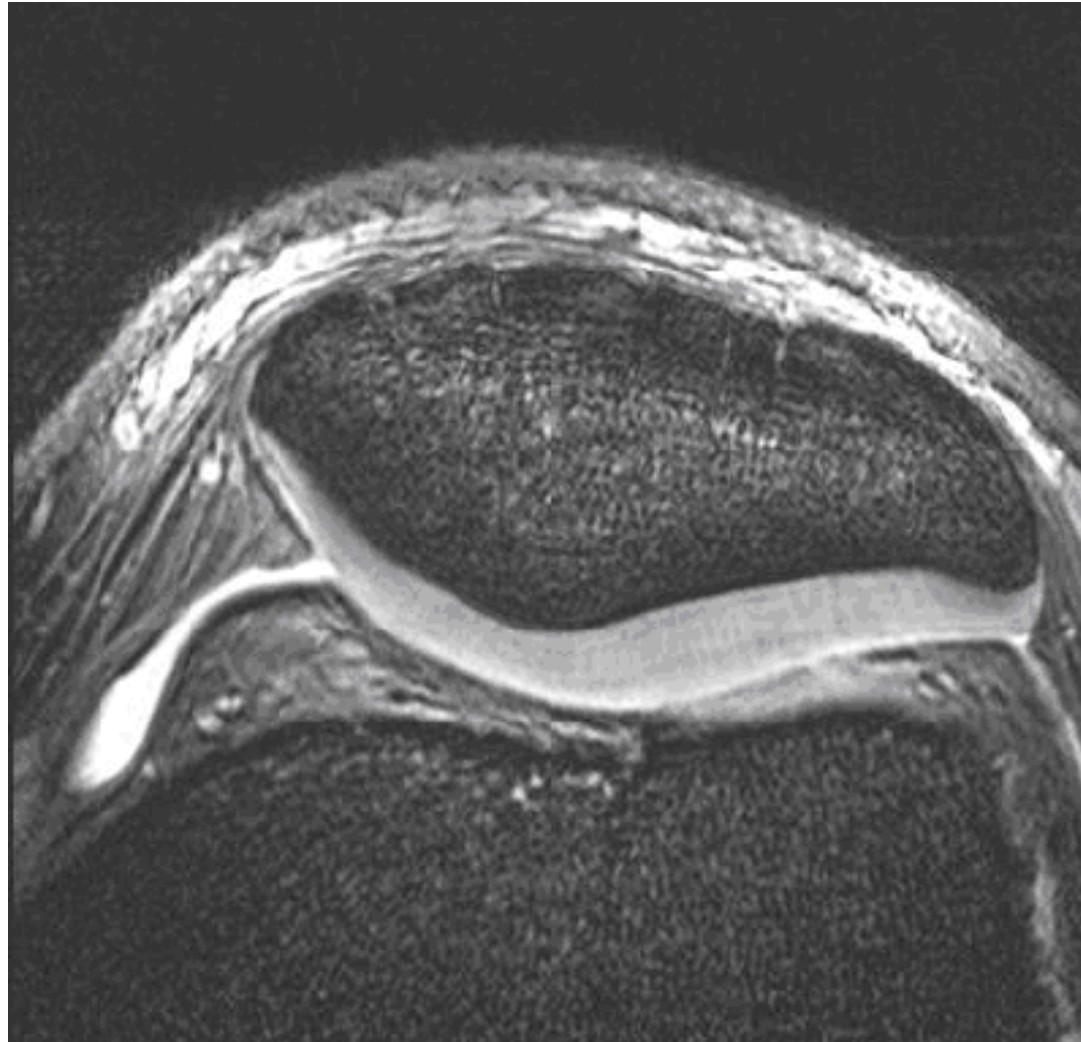
Isolated cartilage defect



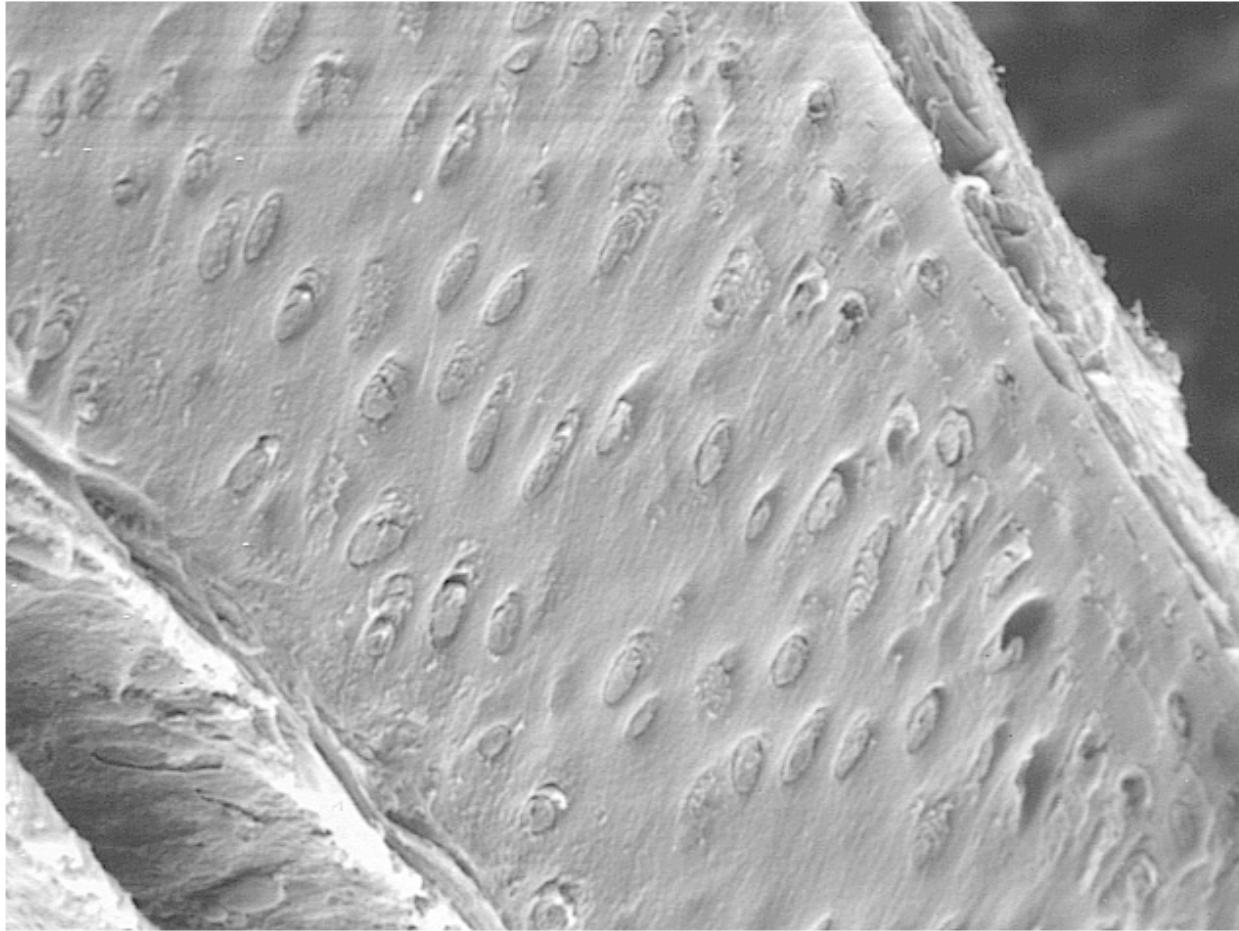
Pain and disability



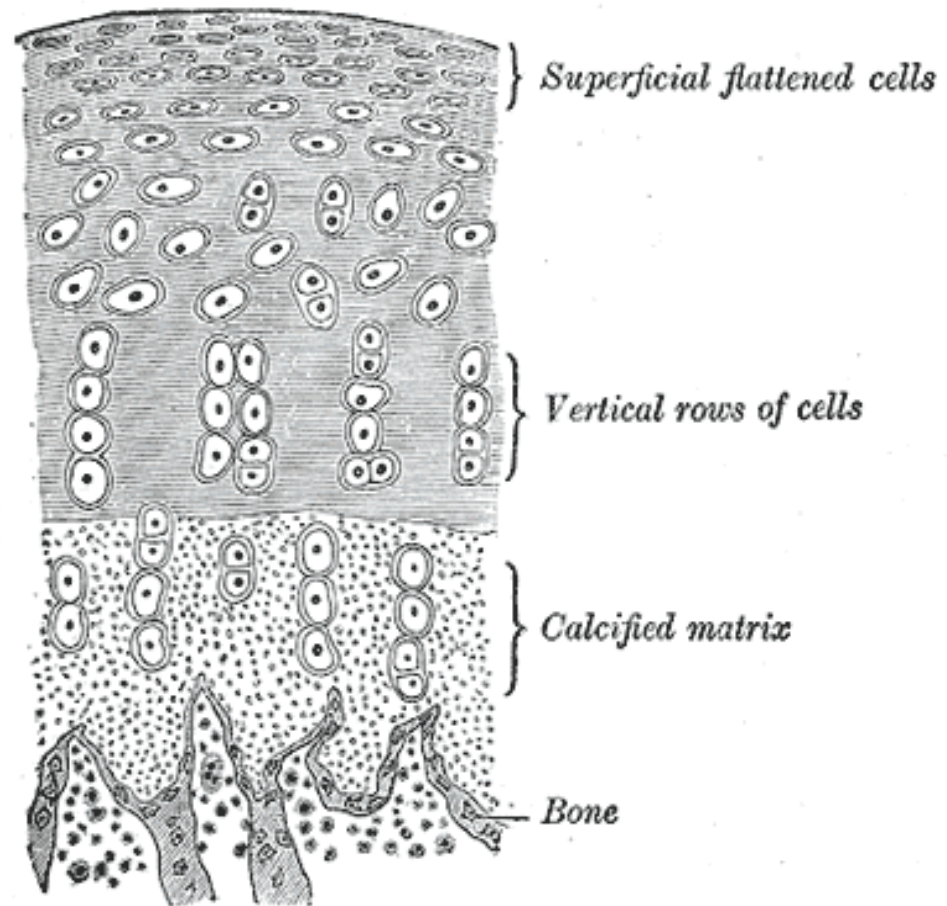
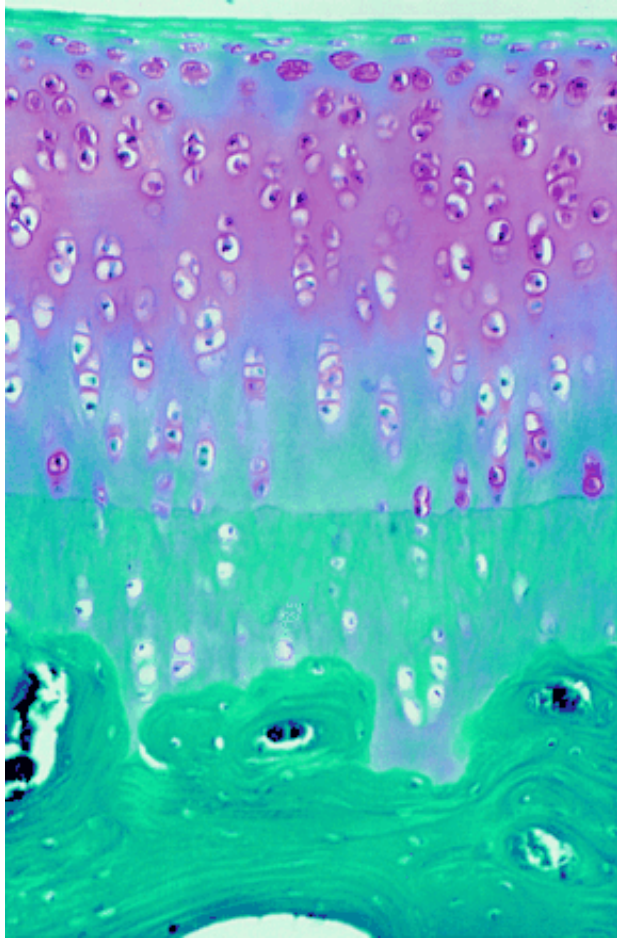
Cartilage structure



Cartilage



Cartilage





Cartilage repair techniques

Drilling

Cartilage/bone grafts

Implanting cartilage cells

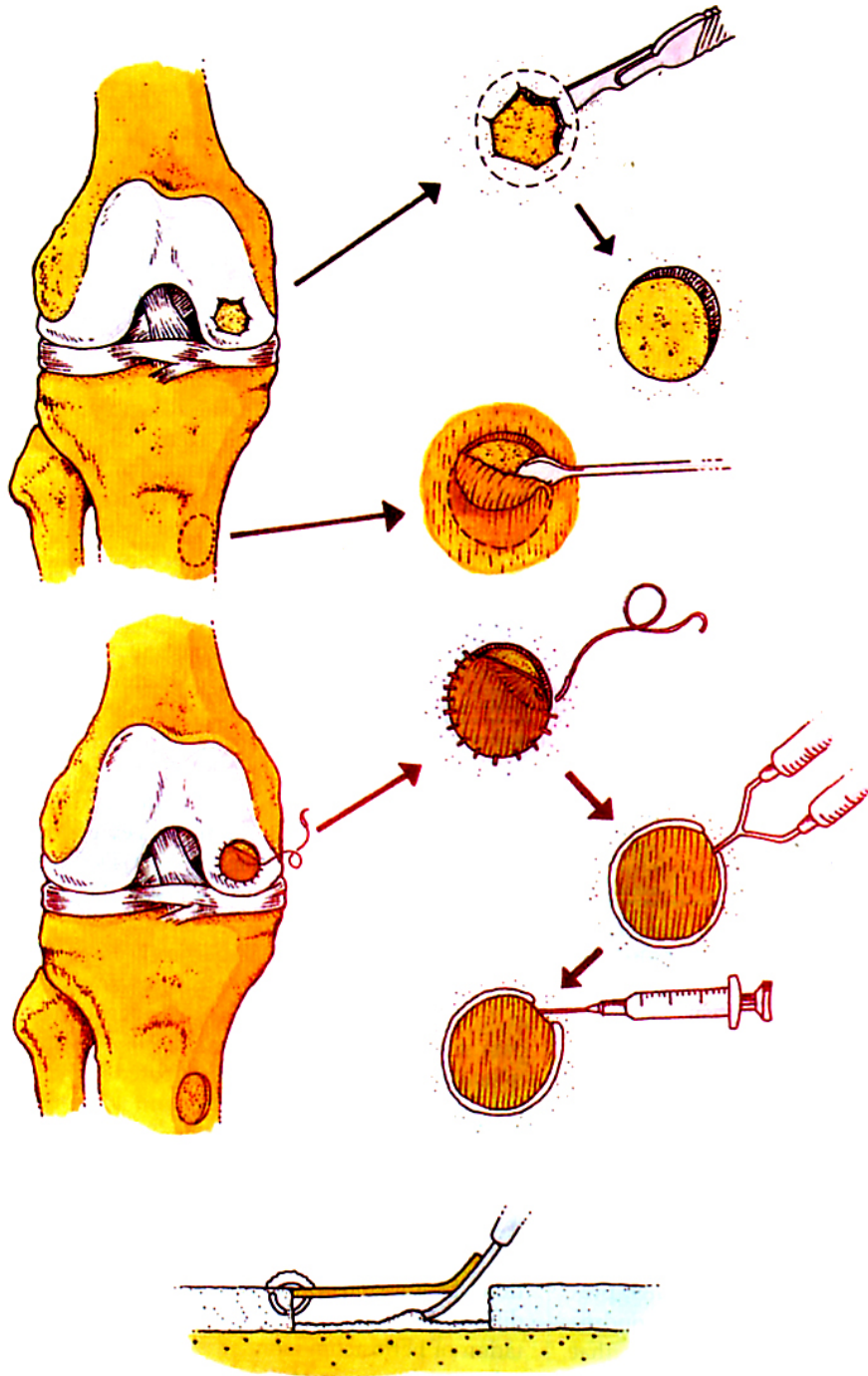


Cartilage repair techniques

Drilling

Cartilage/bone grafts

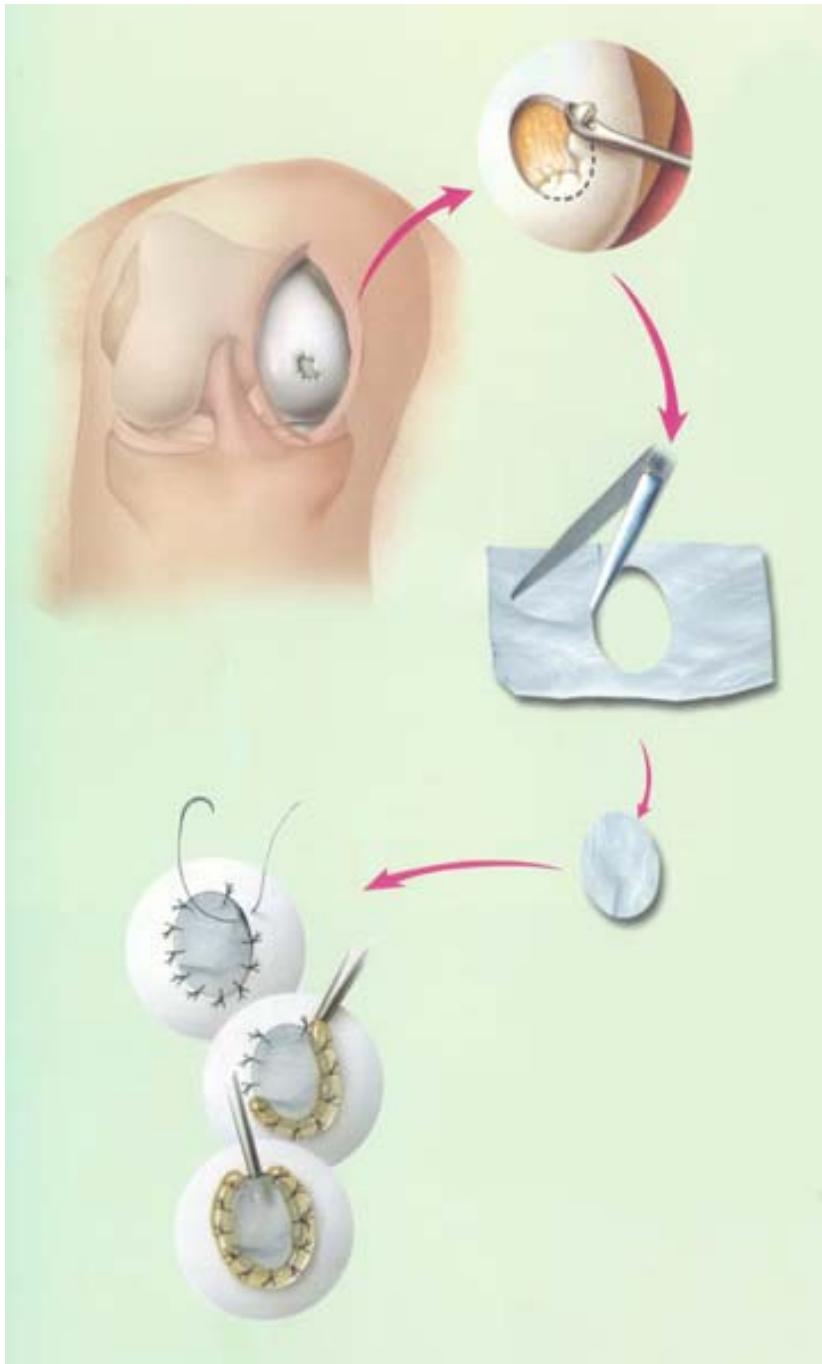
Implanting cartilage cells



Autologous Chondrocyte Implantation

“ACI”

Lars Peterson
technique - 1987



Autologous Chondrocyte Implantation

- new technique

National Institute of Clinical Excellence (NICE)

Guidelines

All cases must be performed
as part of a clinical trial

Stanmore ACI Trial

Randomised controlled trial
Compares two ACI methods

Questions addressed:

Is the technique clinically effective?
Which is the best method?

Introducing ACI to the NOC

Process

NOC Rare Procedures Committee

Oxford Ethics Committee

NOC Research & Development Committee

NOC Orthopaedic Directorate Board

9 Months

NICE

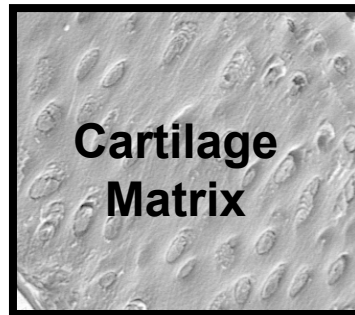
ACI review

Further basic science research required

Greater understanding of growth factors and agents that influence cartilage cell function

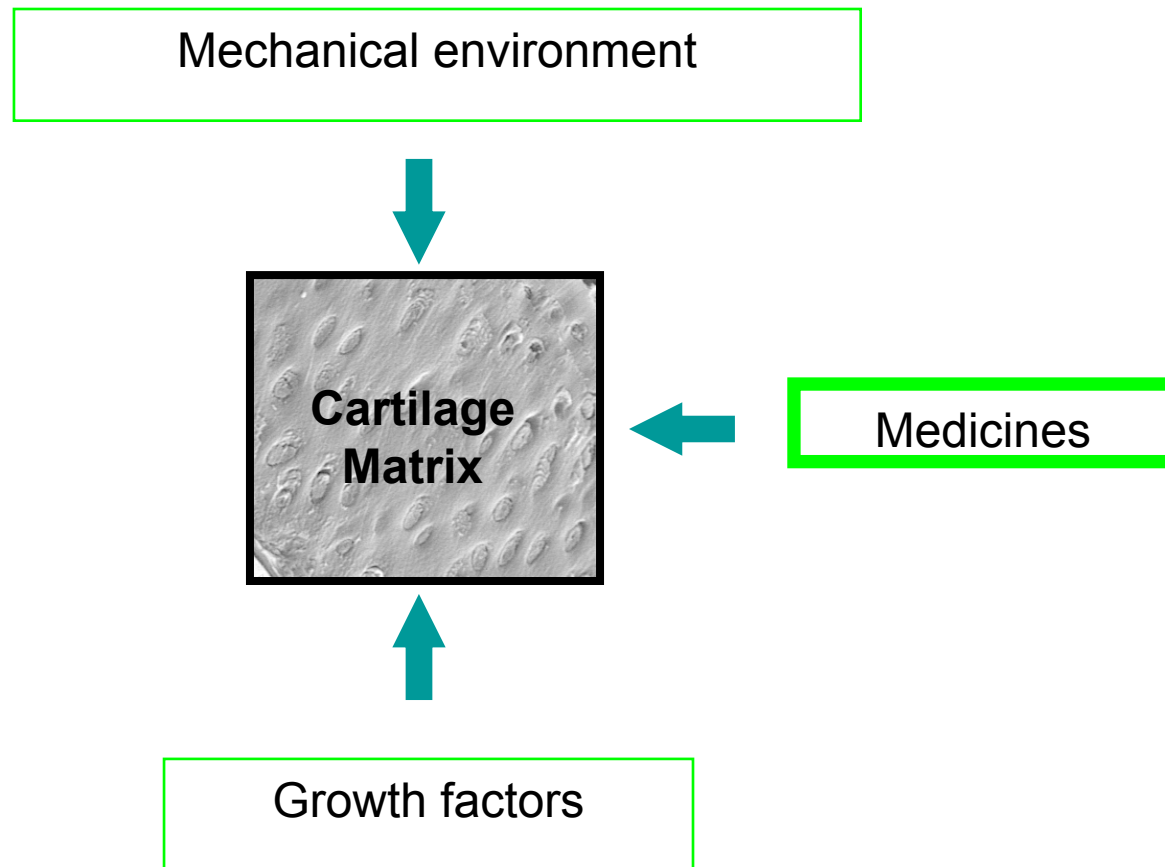
Cartilage

Mechanical environment



Growth factors

Cartilage



Basic Science

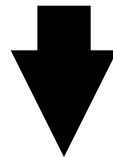
(Dr Philippa Hulley, Dr Richie Gill)

Action of load and growth factors

Action of drugs/medicines



Improve understanding of cartilage function



Improve cartilage treatment

ACI

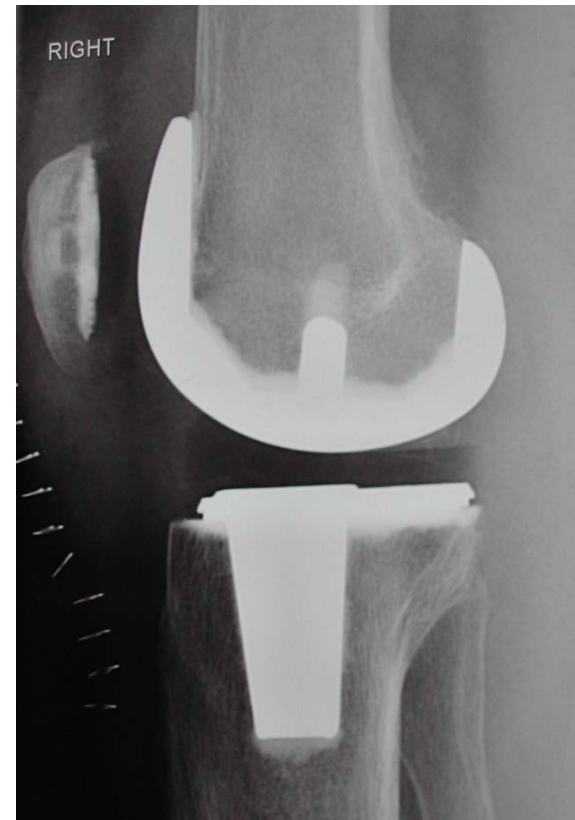
Laboratory experiments

Human cells required for studies

Cartilage is removed at
joint replacement

Patients asked to donate this
material to allow us access to
human cartilage cells

Ethics committee approval





Thank you